



2013 CHEMICAL SELECTION GUIDE



WARNING

The information in the *2013 Moldex Chemical Selection Guide* is dated and was accurate to the best of Moldex's knowledge as of January 2013. This *2013 Guide* supercedes all previous *Guides*, including printed and electronic versions. If you have an electronic version other than the *2013 Guide* please delete it from your computer. The *2013 Guide* can be accessed online at <http://www.moldex.com/pdf/datasheets/chemicalselectionguide.pdf>

Before selecting Moldex respirators for use, it is important that you refer to the most recent *Guide* available. If you have any questions on how to use this guide or on the selection and use of any respiratory protection device, call the Moldex Technical Services Department at +1 (800) 421-0668, +1 (310) 837-6500, ext. 512/550 or tech@moldex.com.

Products listed in this *Guide* are subject to the Moldex limited warranty located on the back cover.



INTRODUCTION

This *Guide* may be used as an aid to select appropriate respiratory protection for specific contaminants. Because conditions at the worksite can vary substantially, a comprehensive evaluation must be made to determine the correct respiratory protection. When contaminants at a worksite have been identified and concentrations measured, this *Guide* may be used to help select the appropriate respirator. Only qualified professionals, familiar with the actual working conditions and knowledgeable in the benefits and the limitations of respiratory protection equipment, should make the selection. Once a respirator has been selected, it is important to continually monitor its effectiveness, as well as the dynamic worksite situation. If selection criteria changes, including but not limited to worksite conditions or standards and regulations, a new evaluation must be made to determine the appropriate respiratory protection.

COMPREHENSIVE RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAM

Wherever respirators are used in a work environment, a comprehensive respiratory protection program must be implemented in accordance with OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134, as a minimum. This regulation covers permissible practice, written programs, training, maintenance and care, selection, use, fit testing, cleaning and storage, medical evaluation, breathing air quality, identification of filters and cartridges, program evaluation, and record keeping. When a chemical cartridge respirator is used, it can only be used if a cartridge change schedule is developed in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.134 (d)(3)(III)(B)(2). If a change schedule is not developed you should not use Moldex respirators. See pages 28-30 for more information.

RESPIRATOR FIT TESTS

Any respirator used by an employee must be fit tested to ensure that the respirator is providing adequate protection to the wearer. All Moldex respirator users should be fit tested to ensure proper fit of the respirator. OSHA 1910.134 describes the various types of fit tests that may be utilized.

ASSIGNED PROTECTION FACTORS (APF)

All Moldex respirators listed in this *Guide* are half mask or full face, negative pressure, air purifying respirators. Generally, these are assigned an APF of 10 or 50 respectively, unless a specific OSHA, Federal, State or Local standard assigns a lower APF for a particular class of respirator to be used to protect against a particular substance. In such cases the lower APF must be used. A full facepiece respirator fitted using a qualitative fit test only receives an APF of 10.

OTHER PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE)

Certain chemicals may require other forms of PPE in addition to respirators due to absorption or damage to the skin, eyes or mucous membranes. When supplying respiratory protective equipment, other PPE must also be considered. Failure to provide appropriate protection with certain chemicals may result in adverse health effects and render the use of a respirator ineffective. Lastly, always consider all the hazards that an employee may be exposed to and the advantages and disadvantages of using a particular piece of equipment in concert with other items (e.g. hard hats, gloves, faceshields, etc.).

When using any Moldex respirator, read all applicable warnings and information provided with it. Not all Moldex respirators have not been sold with warnings or use instructions for personnel involved in health-care or related situations, where there may be the possibility of contact with disease or biological hazards. If you are considering such uses, first call the Moldex Technical Dept., +1 (310) 837-6500 ext. 512/550 or +1 (800) 421-0668 ext. 512/550. See additional warnings in packaging or Moldex Website or page 4 of this guide.

EXPLANATION OF GUIDE FORMAT

Chemical Names listed are either those used by OSHA in 29 CFR 1910.1000, NIOSH's Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards or ACGIH's 2011 Guide to Occupational Exposure Values. Only substances that have OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL) and/or American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Values (TLV) are listed in this *Guide*.

CAS Numbers are below the name of most chemicals and are the Chemical Abstracts Service (CAS) registry number. This number is unique for each chemical.

Synonyms listed are some of those common "other" names of a substance found in various references, this list is not all inclusive.

Filter Type generally indicates what type of filter and/or cartridge should be used for protection from a particular substance. Remember these suggestions are not absolute. Selection must be based on consideration of the work and use situation encountered in a particular environment.

"N" means Dusts and Non-Oil Based Mists

"R" means Dusts, and Oil and Non-Oil Based Mists with time restrictions

"P" means Dusts and Oil and Non-Oil Based Mists, extended life for Dusts and Non-Oil Based Mists

"AM" means Ammonia/Methylamine

"AG" means Acid Gas

"FORM" means Formaldehyde

"OV" means Organic Vapor

"OV/AG" means Organic Vapor/Acid Gas

"MULTI" means Multi Gas/Vapor

"95" means 95% efficient

"99" means 99% efficient

"100" means 99.97% efficient

"FF" means full face respirator; 9000 is suggested.

Note that combinations of the above may be listed. Also note that combination Moldex cartridges (7300/8300) may be used where an OV or AG is listed, but the service life of the cartridge will be considerably less for the particular substance. A similar situation of reduced service life exists with the 7600/8600 multi-gas cartridges used against various contaminants, see instructions for specific information.

Moldex Suggestions are the Moldex respirators that are appropriate for protection from the substance listed. Remember, anywhere the 2200N95 (EZ 22) or 2300N95 (EZ 23) are suggested the 2400N95 (2800N95) or 2500N95 (2940R95) may also be used. **The 2400N95 or 2800N95 is usually suggested where protection from dusts or non-oil based mists is required and nuisance level (below the PEL) organic vapor odors are also present. The 2500N95 is usually suggested where protection from dusts or non-oil based mist is required and nuisance level (below the PEL) acid gas irritants are also present and 2940R95 for dusts and both oil and non-oil based mist.**

Additionally, any situation where a particular Moldex product is suggested you may move to a higher level of protection provided the type of protection is equivalent. For example,

- you may use the 2310N99 in place of the 2200N95 if dust or non-oil based mist protection is required;
- you may use the 7940/8940 in place of the 2310N99 if protection from a dust, fume or mist is required;
- you may use any N99 respirator/filter in place of any N95 respirator/filter.
- you may go from a half mask facepiece respirator to a full facepiece respirator with equivalent or higher filters/cartridges.

BUT

- you may not go from 2200N95 to 7100/8100 to protect against a fume because 7100/8100 is used to protect against organic vapors only;

AND

- you may not go from a 7940P100/8940P100 to a 2300N95 to protect against things such as lead because lead requires an N, R, or P100 filter, or from a 2730N100 to a 2400N95 because the efficiency level is lower.
- you may not go down from a full facepiece to a half mask without proper evaluation of the workplace.
- Note: Where oil based aerosols are present only an R or P Series filter may be used. Moldex suggests that you assume that any non-aqueous liquid is oil-based.

TLV's and PEL's are listed where either one or both exist. We suggest that in cases where both a TLV and PEL exist for a particular substance, that the lower of the two be used. You must also check if state and local regulations may be applicable.

An "o" next to exposure limit indicates it is an OSHA PEL. A "t" indicates it is an ACGIH TLV.

Exposure limit concentrations may be listed as either ppm (parts per million), or mg/m³ (milligrams per cubic meter), mppcf (million particles per cubic foot) or f/cc (fibers per cubic centimeter of air).

All exposure limits refer to 8 hours per day, 40 hours per week Time Weighted Averages (TWA), unless otherwise stated.

If a "c" appears next to a limit this indicates that it is a ceiling value which refers to the concentration that should not be exceeded at any time during work exposure.

If an "s" appears next to a limit this indicates that it is a short term exposure limit (STEL), which refers to a 15 minute TWA (unless otherwise indicated), which shall not be exceeded during a workday.

Both "s" and/or "c" designations may be in addition to or in lieu of another exposure limit.

A "skin" designation indicates that the substance can be absorbed through the skin, eyes or mucous membranes and appropriate measures must be taken to avoid absorption.

A "SEN" indicates TLV-confirmed potential for worker sensitization as a result of dermal contact and/or inhalation exposure based on the weight of scientific evidence.

For more specific definitions refer to 29 CFR 1910.1000 and to the ACGIH TLV Booklet.

IDLH (Immediately Dangerous to Life and Health) and LEL (Lower Explosion Limit) are levels taken directly from the 2005 NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards. In cases where the LEL is listed it is considered as IDLH. In all cases the LEL is listed as 10% LEL to provide a safety factor against explosion.

N.D. means not determined.

Comments list any additional points that should be noted such as:

- If a substance is a carcinogen or a suspected carcinogen, it is listed here. Note that only when OSHA or ACGIH consider a substance a carcinogen or suspected carcinogen it is listed. Carcinogen or suspected carcinogen from any other organizations or agencies have not been included in this *Guide*.

ACGIH designates carcinogens as follows:

TLV-A1: Confirmed Human Carcinogen. The agent is carcinogenic to humans based upon the weight of evidence from epidemiologic studies.

TLV-A2: Suspected Human Carcinogen. Human data are accepted as adequate in quality but are conflicting or insufficient to classify the agent as a confirmed human carcinogen; OR, the agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at dose(s), by route(s) of exposure, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) considered relevant to worker exposure. The A2 is used primarily when there is limited evidence of carcinogenicity in humans and sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in experimental animals with relevance to humans.

TLV-A3: Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans: (t-A3) The agent is carcinogenic in experimental animals at a relatively high dose, by route(s) of administration, at site(s), of histologic type(s), or by mechanism(s) that may not be relevant to worker exposure. Available epidemiologic studies do not confirm an increased risk of cancer in exposed humans. Available evidence does not suggest that the agent is likely to cause cancer in humans except under uncommon or unlikely routes or levels of exposure.

TLV-A4: Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen: Agents which cause concern that they could be carcinogenic for humans, but which can not be assessed conclusively because of a lack of data. *In vitro* or animal studies do not provide indications of carcinogenicity which are sufficient to classify the agent into one of the other categories.

TLV-A5: Not Suspected as a Human Carcinogen: The agent is not suspected to be a human carcinogen on the basis of properly conducted epidemiologic studies in humans. These studies have sufficiently long follow-up, reliable exposure histories, sufficiently high dose, and adequate statistical power to conclude that exposure to the agent does not convey a significant risk of cancer to humans; OR, the evidence suggesting a lack of carcinogenicity in experimental animals is supported by mechanistic data.

Substances for which no human or experimental animal carcinogenic data have been reported are assigned no carcinogen designation.

Exposures to carcinogens must be kept to a minimum. Workers exposed to A1 carcinogens without a TLV should be properly equipped to eliminate to the fullest extent possible all exposure to the carcinogen. For A1 carcinogens with a TLV and for A2 and A3 carcinogens, worker exposed by all routes should be carefully controlled to levels as low as reasonably achievable below the TLV.

OSHA designates carcinogens as follows:

CA: Carcinogen defined with no further categorization.

Additionally,

- If specific OSHA standards exist for a substance, it is listed in this section.
- If OSHA is in the process of changing the regulation of a particular substance, it is listed as "OSHA in the process of 6b rulemaking."
- If ACGIH intends to change a TLV or a carcinogen designation, it is listed as "ACGIH NIC (Notice of Intended Change)."
- If ACGIH has a Biological Exposure Indices (BEI), it is listed as "Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists."
- If ACGIH intends to change a short term exposure limit or ceiling value, it is listed as ACGIH NIC STEL/CEIL.

Pages 31-33 contains names of chemicals that Moldex does not recommend its respirators to be used against. Refer to this list when you are not able to locate a chemical in the *Guide* as it may be listed there. Moldex does not make recommendations for chemicals not listed in the *Guide*.

REFERENCES:

AIR CONTAMINANTS – PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS TITLE 29
CFR1910.1000 U.S. Department of Labor, Occupational Safety and Health Administration, 1989

POCKET GUIDE TO CHEMICAL HAZARDS U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Public Health Service, Centers for Disease Control, National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health, 2005

2012 GUIDE TO OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE VALUES
American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 2011

Richard J. Lewis, Sr., HAZARDOUS CHEMICALS DESK REFERENCE,
2nd Edition New York, Van Nostrand Reinhold

Example on how to use the Moldex 2010 Chemical Selection Guide

Chemical Name	Common other Names	Suggested Respirator(s) for Iron Oxide, Dust & Fume.	*ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV).	Other notes user must be made aware of. See above for explanations.
Iron Oxide, Dust & Fume (as Fe) 1309-37-1	Ferric Oxide Fume	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	5 mg/m ³ (t)*, 10 mg/m ³ (o) {water soluble}	2,500 mg/m ³ (as Fe)
CAS Number	Type of Filter or Cartridge that is suggested for Iron Oxide, Dust & Fume.			t-A4. *Particulate containing no Asbestos and < 1% Crystalline Silica.

*OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL).

*For this example use ACGIH TLV. When both the PEL & TLV are listed, it is suggested to use the lower of the two.

Concentration when Iron Oxide, Dust & Fume becomes immediately dangerous to life and health (IDLH).

SUPPLEMENTAL HAZARD WARNINGS FOR MOLDEX PARTICULATE RESPIRATORS

These are **Warnings and Limitations** that all users must be made aware of in addition to all warnings and other information on the outside of the Moldex respirator packaging or other published related information. You must read and comply with these **Warnings and Limitations at all times** and if your employer has determined that it is appropriate to use this respirator.

Proper use of this respirator may reduce but will not eliminate the risk of illness or death from exposure to some Chemical, Biological, Radiological, or Nuclear (CBRN) hazards. CBRN hazards include, but are not limited to, bacteria, toxins, and viruses that can cause death, serious bodily injury or disfigurement. The long-range and short-range risks of CBRN hazards and the amount and manner of exposure that may produce such risks remain to a great extent unknown. Use of this respirator must be in accordance with the Centers for Disease Control (CDC) Health Advisories or any other Local, State or Federal recommendations for use of respirators against specific CBRN hazards. This respirator should not be used for many CBRN hazards.

There are more efficient models of respirators with a higher level of protection available from Moldex and other manufacturers. It is up to the employer, and not Moldex, to determine if a respirator should be worn and if so, which type, size, level of protection, and model.

BACKGROUND

The National Institute for Occupational Safety and Health (NIOSH), a branch of the CDC and a U.S. Government agency, is responsible for testing and certifying respirators for protection against hazardous industrial contaminants. Procedures for selecting and using proper respiratory protection are regulated by various governmental agencies, such as the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA).

NIOSH tests and certifies certain respirators for use against chemical warfare agents, biological warfare agents or biohazards and provides advisory information for some biohazards, but OSHA and other government agencies have not set any exposure standards for these agents or biohazards, in general.

Moldex does not make recommendations for any type of respirator to be used against CBRN hazards for workers or the general public.

You should know that there may be no obvious warnings of the presence or release of CBRN hazards.

WARNINGS FOR ALL USERS

- This respirator must only be used for substances having Permissible Exposure Limits (PELs) and only where deemed appropriate by your employer.
- This respirator must be fit tested. If you cannot obtain a proper fit, do not use the respirator and do not enter the risk area.
- This respirator is not for use with beards or other facial hair that prevents direct contact between the face and sealing surface of the respirator.
- Moldex respirators, when properly fitted and used as part of a comprehensive respiratory protection program, may reduce wearer exposure to some airborne hazards, but not all.
- In the event of a sudden or unexpected CBRN hazard release, you may use this respirator for escape only if you have not been provided with a more appropriate respirator for this type of situation. Do not remove the mask from the face until you have left the contaminated area.
- Do not reuse or store for reuse or hang around neck unless your employer specifically authorizes reuse. Dispose of respirator as a hazardous waste in accordance with your employer's directions.
- Use other personal protective equipment, as directed by your employer. Where appropriate use protective gloves when handling or removing respirator and dispose of respirator and then gloves in accordance with your employer's directions.
- If CDC or other Local, State or Federal agency issues new or revised guidelines for respirator use against specific hazards, users must strictly comply.

WARNINGS FOR USE OF PARTICULATE RESPIRATORS AGAINST TB

OSHA and CDC have recommended the use of any of the particulate respirators approved under 42CFR84 as a means of providing help in complying with a program designed to reduce occupational exposure to tuberculosis.

The level of effectiveness of respiratory protection from tuberculosis cannot be determined with currently available data. However, proper use of appropriate Moldex respirators in conjunction with a comprehensive respiratory protection program may reduce, but will not eliminate, risk of infection.

- Be sure to read the Limitations outlined below and strictly follow all Warnings set forth under the WARNINGS FOR ALL USERS.
- When using any Moldex respirator, filter replacement and/or disposal must be handled in accordance with your Healthcare Facility's comprehensive respiratory protection program.
- If disinfectants are used to sanitize reusable facepieces, you must consult with your Healthcare Facility and run tests to ensure the compatibility of any disinfectant with Moldex reusable facepiece materials. Use of disinfectants could impair the efficiency of the respirator and result in a loss of protection.

LIMITATIONS

- **Respirators may reduce but do not eliminate wearer exposure to airborne hazards or the risk of contracting any disease or infection.** Only use this respirator as part of a comprehensive respiratory protection program. You will receive no respiratory protection if this respirator is not properly fitted and worn. Additionally, potentially hazardous particles, including infectious agents, smaller than the particle sizes used in NIOSH certifications are likely to exist in certain environments. Some published data indicates that these smaller particles may not be filtered out as effectively as the particle sizes used by NIOSH [N Series Count Median Diameter (CMD) $0.075 \pm .02\mu\text{m}$ Geometric Standard Deviation 1.86 (GSD) and R & P Series CMD $0.185 \pm .02\mu\text{m}$ 1.6 (GSD)] when certifying respirators. It is imperative that you determine the size and potential hazards of the particles that may be present in the environment before selecting appropriate respiratory protection, and that you refer to CDC guidelines when selecting and using any respirator, particularly in environments where smaller types of particles, such as those referenced above, may be present.
- If the respirator comes in contact with blood or fluids, including body fluids, leave contaminated area as soon as possible and discard and replace the respirator.
- **Moldex respirators must not be used on children.**

For further information on use of respirators contact Moldex at +1 (800) 421-0668 or +1 (310) 837-6500 ext. 554, your Employer, or CDC at www.cdc.gov or +1 (800) 311-3435 or +1 (404) 498-1515.

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
-A-						
Acetaldehyde 75-07-0	Acetic aldehyde, Ethanal, Ethyl aldehyde	FF-OV FF-Form	9001/2/3+ 7100/7500	200 ppm (o) 25 ppm (c)-(t)	2000 ppm	t-A3 Short service life for OV
Acetic Acid 64-19-7	Acetic acid (aqueous), Ethanoic acid, Glacial acetic acid (pure compound), Methanecarboxylic acid [Note: Can be found in concentrations of 5-8% in vinegar]	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (o)(t)	50 ppm	
Acetic Anhydride 108-24-7	Acetic acid anhydride, Acetic oxide, Acetyl oxide, Ethanoic anhydride	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (o) 1 ppm (t)	200 ppm	t-A4
Acetone 67-64-1	2-Propane, Dimethyl Ketone, Ketone Propane	OV	7100 8100	500 ppm (t) 1,000 (o) 750 (s)-(t)	2,500 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists; ACGIH NIC to 200 ppm (t) & 500 (c)-(t); t-A4
Acetylenedichloride	See 1,2-Dichloroethylene					
Acetylene tetrabromide 79-27-6	See 1,1,2,2-Tetrabromoethane					
Acetylsalicylic Acid 50-78-2	Aspirin	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5mg/m³ (t)		
Acrylamide 79-06-1	Propenamide; Acrylaldehyde Monomer; Acrylic Amide	OV/P100	7100+7940 8100+8940	.03mg/m³ (t)*; .3mg/m³ (o) -skin-	60mg/m³	t-A3; -*Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
Acrylic Acid 108-24-7	Acroleic acid, Aqueous acrylic acid (technical grade is 94%), Ethylenecarboxylic acid, Glacial acrylic acid (98% in aqueous solution), 2-Propenoic acid	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	ppm,(t) -skin-	N.D.	t-A4
Acrylonitrile 107-13-1	Propeneitrile; AN; Vinyl Cyanide	OV; Change every shift	7100 8100	2 ppm (o)(t)*; 10 ppm (c)-(o) -skin-	85 ppm	Dispose of cartridge after shift; See 29CFR1910.1045; O-Ca; t-A3
Allyl Alcohol 79-10-7	AA, Allylic alcohol, Propenol, 1-Propen-3-ol, 2-Propenol, Vinyl carbinol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	2 ppm (o) 0.5 ppm (t) -skin-	20 ppm	t-A4
Allyl chloride 107-5-1	3-Chloropropene 1-Chloro 2-Propene 3-Chloropropylene	OV	7100 8100	1 ppm (o)(t)	250 ppm	t-A3
a-Alumina 1344-28-1	Activated Aluminum Oxide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10mg/m³ (t), 15 mg/m³ (o); Respirable fraction 5mg/m³ (o)		Dust containing no asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica t-A4
Aluminum, Metal Dust 7429-90-5		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dusts 15mg/m³ (o); Respirable dusts 5mg/m³ (o) 1mg/m³ (t) respirable fraction		T-A4
Aluminum Oxide	(See a-Alumina)					
Ammonia 7664-41-7	Anhydrous Ammonia	AM	7400/8400 7600/8600	35 ppm (s)-(t); 25 ppm (t) 50 ppm (o)	300 ppm	Must wear chemical goggles when using half mask respirator
Ammonium Chloride 12125-02-9		solids N liquids AM/N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95 {water based} 8400+8910	10mg/m³ (t); 20mg/m³ (s)-(t)		
Ammonium Sulfamate 7773-06-0	Ammate Herbicide; Ammonium Amino Sulfonate; AmSi; Sulfamate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total Dust 10mg/m³ (t), 15mg/m³ (o); Respirable fraction 5mg/m³ (o)	1,500mg/m	

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
n-Amyl Acetate 628-63-7	1-Pentanol Acetate	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (t) 100 ppm (o) 100 ppm (s)-(t)	1,000 ppm	Add 8940 if Particulate is present
sec-Amyl Acetate 626-38-0	2-Pentanol Acetate	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (t) 125 ppm (o) 100 ppm (s)-(t)	1,000 ppm	Add 8940 if Particulate is present
Aniline 62-53-3	Aminobenzene, Phenylemine, Aniline Oil	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (o) 2 ppm (t) -skin-	100 ppm	t-A3
Anisidine (o-,p-Isomers) °90-04-0 p 104-94-9	o-Methyloxyaniline (oil)*, p-Methoxyaniline (solid) ^a	OV/RP OV/N	7100+7940* 7100+8970* 7100+8910 ^a 8100+8970/8940* 8100+8910 ^a	0.5mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-. 50mg/m ³	50mg/m ³	t-A3 for o Isomer t-A4 for p Isomer
Antimony* & Compounds (as Sb), Dusts & Mists *7440-36-0		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5mg/m ³ (o)(t) {water based mists}	50mg/m ³ (as Sb)	
ANTU 86-88-4	a-Naphthylthiocarbamide; 1-Naphthilthiourea	OV/NRP100	7100+7940 8100+8940	0.3mg/m ³ (o)(t)	100mg/m ³	t-A4
Arsenic, Elemental & Inorganic Compounds (except Arsine) (as As) *7440-38-2		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 8940/8990 7940/7990	0.01mg/m ³ (o)(t)	5mg/m ³	*See 29CFR1910.1018; O-Ca; t-A1; substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists
Asbestos, all forms 1332-21-4 12172-73-5 12001-29-5 12001-28-4		NRP100	8940/8990 7940/7990	0.1 f/cc (o) (t)*; 1.0 f/cc (s)-(o) 30 minutes		*Fiber longer than 5 um; aspect ratio > 3:1 set by 400-450 X mag. (4 mm objective) pcm. See 29CFR1910.1001 & 1926.58; A-1; O-Ca
Asphalt (petroleum; Bitumen) Fume 8052-42-4		OV/RP	8100+8970/8940 7100+8970/7940	0.5mg/m ³ (t)* Soluble aerosol as benzene (or equivalent method) inhalable particulate		2740R95/2840R95 may be suitable for some app's. t-A4
Azinphos-methyl 86-50-0		OV/RP	8100+8970/8940 7100+8970/7940	0.2mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin- -SEN-	10mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists, t-A4; *measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
-B-						
Barium-Soluble Compounds (as Ba) 7440-39-3		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5mg/m ³ (o)(t) {water based}	50mg/m ³ (as Ba)	t-A4
Barium Sulfate 7725-43-7		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10mg/m ³ (t), 15mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5mg/m ³ (o)		Total dust containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica
Benzene 71-43-2	Benzol; Coal Tar Naptha; Phenylhydride	OV	8100 7100	1 ppm (o); 5 ppm (s)-(o); 0.5 ppm (t); 2.5 (s)-(t) -skin-	500 ppm	t-A1. Change cartridge every shift. See table Z-2 and 29CFR1910.1028; O-Ca; 1/2 mask allowed with constant monitoring. Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists.
Benzenethiol 108-98-5	See Phenyl Mercaptan					
Benzyl Chloride 100-44-7	Chloromethylbenzene, a-chlorotoluene	FF-OV/AG	9001/2/3/ 7300/7600	1 ppm (o)(t)	10 ppm	t-A3 Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Benzoyl Peroxide 94-36-0	Dibenzoyl Peroxide	OV/N	8100+8910 7100+8910	5mg/m ³ (o)(t)	1,500mg/m ³	t-A4
Beryllium & Compounds (as Be) 7440-41-7		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 8940/8990 7940/7990	0.002mg/m ³ (o)(t) 0.005mg/m ³ (c)-(o); 0.01 mg/m ³ (c)-(t) [0.025mg/m ³ for 30 min. peak/8 hr. shift (c)-(o)]	4mg/m ³	t-A1; ACGIH NIC to 0.0005 mg/m ³ (inhalable fraction), 0.0002 STEL/CEIL (inhalable fraction) SEN, Skin.
Biphenyl 92-52-4	Diphenyl; Phenylbenzene	OV/N	8100+8910 7100+8910	0.2 ppm (o)(t)	100mg/m ³	
Bismuth Telluride un-doped, as Bi₂Te₃ 1304-82-1	Bismuth Sesquitelluride	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 15mg/m ³ (o) 10mg/m ³ (t); Respirable fraction 5mg/m ³ (o)		t-A4
Bismuth Telluride; Se-doped, as Bi₂Te₃ 1304-82-1		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5mg/m ³ (t)		t-A4
Borates, compounds, Inorganic 12179-04-3, 1303-96-4 1330-43-4, 10043-35-3		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2.0mg/m ³ (t) inhalable 6.0mg/m ³ (s)-(t) inhalable		
Boron Oxide 1303-86-2	Anhydrous Boric Acid; Boric Anhydride; Boric Oxide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total Dust 10mg/m ³ (t),15mg/m ³ (o)	2,000mg/m ³	
Bromine 7726-95-6	Molecular bromine	FF-OV/AG	9001/2/3+ 7300/7600	0.1 ppm (o)(t) 0.2 ppm (s)-(t)	3 ppm	
Bromoform 75-25-2	Methyl tribromide, Tribromomethane	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	0.5 ppm (o)(t) -skin-	850 ppm	t-A3
1,3-Butadiene 106-99-0	Biethylene; Bivinyl Butadiene; Divinyl Erythrene; Vinyl Ethylene	OV	7100 8100	1 ppm (o) ^{1,2} ;2 ppm (t) [5 ppm (s)(o)]	2,000 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	See OSHA 1910.1051; t-A2 1) Replace cartridge every 4 hours for con- centration > 5 ppm. 2) Replace cartridge every 3 hours for con- centration>10 ppm.
2-Butanone 78-93-3	Methyl Ethyl Ketone, MEK, Methyl acetone, Ethyl methyl ketone	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	200 ppm (o)(t) 300 ppm (s)-(t)	3000 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
2-Butoxy Ethyl Acetate 112-07-2	Butyl Cellosolve Acetate; Butyl Cellosolve Acetate; Butyl Glycol Acetate; EGBEA; Ektasolve EB; Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether Acetate	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t)	2,000 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	t-A3
2-Butoxyethanol 111-76-2	Butyl Cellosolve®, Butyl oxitol, Dowanol® EB, EGBE, Ektasolve EB®, Ethylene glycol monobutyl ether, Jeffersol EB	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (o) 20 ppm (t) -skin-	700 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
n-Butyl Acetate 123-86-4	Butyl acetate, n-Butyl ester of acetic acid, Butyl ethanoate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	150 ppm (o)(t) 200 ppm (s)-(t)	1700 ppm [10%LEL]	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
sec-Butyl Acetate 105-46-4	sec-Butyl ester of acetic acid, 1-Methylpropyl acetage	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	200 ppm (o)(t)	1700 ppm [10%LEL]	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
tert-Butyl Acetate 540-88-5	tert-Butyl ester of acetic acid	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	200 ppm (o)(t)	1500 ppm [10%LEL]	
Butyl Acrylate 141-32-2	Butyl-2 Propenoate; Butyl Ester of Acrylic Acid	OV	7100 8100	2 ppm (t) -SEN-		t-A4
n-Butyl Alcohol 71-36-3	1-Butanol, n-Butanol, Butyl alcohol, 1-Hydroxybutane, n-Propyl carbinol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	20 ppm (o) 100 ppm (t)	1400 ppm [10%LEL]	
sec-Butyl Alcohol 78-92-2	2-Butanol, Butylene hydrate, 2-Hydroxybutane, Methyl ethyl carbinol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	150 ppm (o) 100 ppm (t)	2000 ppm	
tert-Butyl Alcohol 75-65-0	2-Methyl-2-propanol, Trimethyl carbinol, tert-Butanol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (o)(t)	1600 ppm	
n-Butylamine 109-73-9	1-Aminobutane	AM	7400/8400 7600/8600	5 ppm (c)-(o)(t) -skin-	300 ppm	Not specifically approved, but better service life than O.V.

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Butylated Hydroxytoluene 128-37-0	Butylated Hydroxytoluene, BHT 2, 6-Di-tert-Butyl-p-Cresol, 4-Methyl-2, 6-di-tert-butyl phenol, Dibutylated Hydroxytoluene	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	2mg/m ³ (t) *	N.D.	*Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
n-Butyl Lactate 138-22-7	Lactic Acid Butylester	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (t)		
Tert-Butyl Chromate (as CrO₃) 1189-85-1		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.005 mg/m ³ (c)-(o)(t); -skin-	15mg/m ³ as Cr(VI)	
Butyl Mercaptan 109-79-5	n-Butanethiol; 1-Mercaptobutane	OV	7100 8100	0.5 ppm (t) 10 ppm (o)	500 ppm	
o-sec-Butyl-Phenol 89-72-5	2-sec-Butylphenol	OV/RP	7100+8970/7940 8100+8970/8940	5 ppm (t); -skin-		
-C-						
Cadmium, Dust as Cd 7440-43-9		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/8990	Total (inhalable) dust/particulates 0.005 mg/m ³ (o) 0.01 mg/m ³ (t); Respirable 0.002 mg/m ³ (t)	9 mg/m ³	See 29CFR1910.1027 and Table Z-2; O-Ca; t-A2. Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists.
Cadmium, Fume 7440-43-9	Cadmium Oxide Fume	NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/8990	Total (inhalable) dust/particulate 0.005 mg/m ³ (o) 0.01 mg/m ³ (t); Respirable 0.002 mg/m ³ (t)	9 mg/m ³	See 29CFR1910.1027 and Table Z-2; O-Ca; t-A2. Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists.
Calcium Arsenate 7778-44-1						See 29CFR1910.1018
Calcium Carbonate 471-34-1 1317-65-3	Marble	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total particulates 15 mg/m ³ (o) Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Calcium Cyanamide 156-62-7	Lime Nitrogen; Calcium Carbimide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5 mg/m ³ (t)		t-A4
Calcium Hydroxide 1305-62-0	Calcium Hydrate; Hydrated Lime; Caustic Lime	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 5 mg/m ³ (t), 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Calcium Oxide 1305-78-8	Quicklime; Pebble Lime	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (o); 2 mg/m ³ (t) 25 mg/m ³		
Calcium Silicate (synthetic) (non-fibrous) 1344-95-2	Calcium Metasilicate; Portland Cement; Wallastonite	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ (o) 10 mg/m ³ (t); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		Total dust containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica, t-A4
Calcium Sulfate 7778-18-9	(See Plaster of Paris)					
Camphor 76-22-2	2-Camphonone, Gum camphor, Laurel camphor, Synthetic camphor	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	2 ppm (o)(t) 3 ppm (s)-(t)	200 mg/m ³	
Caprolactam Vapor and Aerosol 105-60-2	2-Oxohexamethyleneimine; Amineocaproic Lactam	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	5.0 mg/m ³ (t)*; 3.0 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)		t-A5 *Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
Captan (Inhalable Fraction) 133-06-2	N-(Trichloromethylthio) 4-Cyclohexene-1,2-Dicarboximide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (t)		SEN
Carbon Black 1333-86-4	Channel Black; Lamp Black; Furnace Black; Thermal Black; Acetylene Black	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	3.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	1,750 mg/m ³	t-A4 ACGIH NIC to 3mg/m ³ measured as inhalable fraction & NIC t-A3
Carbon Disulfide 75-15-0	Carbon Bisulfide; Carbon Disulphide; Carbon Bisulphide; Carbon Bisulfur; Dithiocarbonic Anhydride; Carbon Sulfide; Sulphocarbonic Anhydride; Weevitox	OV	7100 8100	10 ppm (t); 20 ppm -(o); 30 ppm -(c)-(o); [100 ppm (c)-(o) 30 min. peak/8 hour shift]; -skin-	500 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists
Catechol 120-80-9	Pyrocatechol	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	5 ppm (t); -skin-		t-A3

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Cellulose 9004-34-6	Paper Fiber	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total Dust 15 mg/m ³ (o), 10 mg/m ³ (t); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Cesium Hydroxide 21351-79-1	Cesium Hydrate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2 mg/m ³ (t)		
Chlorine 7782-50-5		AG	7200/8200 7300/8300 7600/8600	0.5 ppm (t); 1 ppm (c)(s)-(o)(t)	10 ppm	Chemical goggles required when using a half mask, t-A43
Chlorine Dioxide 10049-04-4		AG	7200/8200 7600/8600	0.1 ppm (t)(o); 0.3 ppm (s)-(t)	5 ppm	Chemical goggles required when using a half mask
Chloroacetophenone 532-27-4	2-Chloroacetophenone, Chloromethyl phenyl ketone, Mace®, Phenacyl chloride, Phenyl chloromethyl ketone, tear gas, a-Chloroacetophenone, α -Chloroacetophenone	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	0.05 ppm (o)(t)	2.3 ppm	t-A4
Chlorobenzene 108-90-7	Benzene Chloride; Chlorobenzol; MCB Monochlorobenzene; Phenylchloride	OV	7100 8100	75 ppm (o); 10 ppm (t)	1,000 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists; t-A3
Chlorodiphenyl (42% chlorine) 53469-21-9	Aroclor® 1242, polychlorinated diphenyl, PCBs	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	1 ppm (o)(t) -skin-	5 mg/m ³	
Chlorodiphenyl (54% chlorine) 11097-69-1	Aroclor® 1254, polychlorinated diphenyl, PCBs	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	0.5 ppm (o)(t)	5 mg/m ³	t-A3
2-Chloroethanol 107-07-3	See Ethylene Chlorohydrin					
o-Chlorotoluene 95-49-8	1-Chloro 2-Methylbenzene; 2-Chloro-1-Methylbenzene; 2-Chlorotoluene; o-Tolylchloride	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (t)		For specific information, refer to: NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards
Chloropicrin 76-06-2	Nitrochloroform, Nitrotrichloromethane, Trichloronitromethane	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	0.1 ppm (o)(t)	2 ppm	t-A4
Chromium, Metal (as Cr) 7440-47-3		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5mg/m ³ (t); 1mg/m ³ (o)	250mg/m ³	For specific information, refer to NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards; t-A4
Chromium (II) Compounds – (as Cr)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5mg/m ³ (o)	250mg/m ³	For specific information, refer to NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards
Chromium (III) Compounds – (as Cr)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5mg/m ³ (o)(t)	25mg/m ³	For specific information, refer to NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards; t-A4
Chromium (VI) Compounds – Dusts; Water Soluble (as Cr) Includes Chromic Acid and (see also Lead and Zinc Chromate)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.05mg/m ³ (t); 0.005mg/m ³ (o); as Cr(VI) 0.1mg CrO ₃ /m ³ (c)-(o)	15mg/m ³	t-A1; Also see specific compounds. Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists. For specific information, refer to OSHA 29CFR1910.1026
Chromium (VI) Compounds; Certain Water Insolubles (as Cr)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.01mg/m ³ (t); 0.005mg/m ³ (o) as Cr(VI)	15mg/m ³	t-A1; For specific information, refer to OSHA 29CFR1910.1026

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Coal Dust		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95 or $\frac{2.4 \text{ mg/m}^3(\text{o})^*}{\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2}$ or $\frac{10 \text{ mg/m}^3(\text{o})^{**}}{\% \text{SiO}_2 + 2}$	Respirable fraction .4mg/m ³ (t) Anthracite; .9mg/m ³ (t) Bituminous;	15mg/m ³	For specific information, refer to NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards; *<5% SiO ₂ Resp.quartz fraction; **>5% SiO ₂ Resp.quartz fraction; t-A4
Coal Tar Pitch Volatiles (as Benzene Solubles) 65996-93-20		RP	2740R95 7940/7990 8940/8990	0.2 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	80mg/m ³	Confirmed Human Carcinogen; t-A1
Cobalt, Metal Dusts and Fumes (as Co) 7440-48-4		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/8990	0.1 mg/m ³ (o); 0.02 mg/m ³ (t)	20 mg/m ³	t-A3; substances for which an ACGIH BEI exists
Coke Oven Emissions		RP	2740R95/8970 7940/7990 8940/8990	0.15 mg/m ³ (o) (Benzene soluble fraction)		See 29CFR1910.1029; O-Ca
Copper, Dusts and Mists (as Cu) 7440-50-8		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1.0 mg/m ³ (o)(t) 100 mg/m ³ {water based mists}		
Copper, Fume (as Cu) 7440-50-8		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o); 0.2 mg/m ³ (t)	100 mg/m ³	
Cotton Dust, (Raw)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.2 mg/m ³ (t) – Lint free dust is measured by vertical elutriator; 1 mg/m ³ (o) – Respirable dust is measured by vertical elutriator; Cotton Waste processing operations (of waste recycling and garnetting)	100 mg/m ³	5x PEL maximum for disposables. See 29CFR1910.1043 for other grade of cotton If oil is present use 2740R95
Crag Herbicide	2-(2,4-Dichlorophenoxy)-Ethyl Sodium Sulfate, Sesone	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	15mg/m ³ (o) total dust; 5mg/m ³ (o) respirable dust		t-A4
o,m,p Cresol 1319-77-3 08-39-4 95-48-7 106-44-5	Cresylic Acid	OV/P	7100+7940 8100+8940	5 ppm (o)(t); -skin- 20 mg/m ³ *	250 ppm	*measurable as inhalable fraction and vapor
Cristobalite	(See Silica, Crystalline)					
Crotonaldehyde 4170-30-3	2-Butenal, β-Methyl acrolein, Propylene aldehyde	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	2 ppm (o) 0.3 ppm (c)-(t) -skin-	50 ppm	t-A3
Cumene 98-82-8	Isopropyl Benzene; 2-Phenyl Propane; Cumol	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (o)(t); -skin-	900 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	
Cyanamide 420-04-2	Cyanogenamide; Carbodiimide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2 mg/m ³ (t)		
Cyclohexane 110-82-7	Benzene hexahydride, Hexahydrobenzene, Hexamethylene, Hexanaphthene	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	300 ppm (o) 100 ppm (t)	1300 ppm [10% LEL]	
Cyclohexanol 108-93-0	Hexalin; Hydralin; Hydroxycyclohexane; Anol; Hexahydrophenol; Cyclohexyl Alcohol	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (o)(t); -skin-	400 ppm	Add 8970/8940 if particulate is present
Cyhexatin 13121-70-5	TCHH	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	5mg/m ³	80mg/m ³ 25mg/m ³ (as SN)	t-A4
Cyclohexylamine 108-91-8	Aminocyclohexane, Aminohexahydrobenzene, Hexahydroaniline, Hexahydrobenzenamine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (t)	N.D.	t-A4

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Cyclohexene 110-83-8	Benzene Tetrahydride; Tetrahydrobenzene	OV	7100 8100	300 ppm (o)(t)	2,000 ppm	
Cyclohexanone 108-94-1	Pimelic Ketone; Cyclohexyl Ketone	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t); 50 ppm (o); -skin-	700 ppm	t-A3
Cyclonite 121-82-4	RDX; Sym-Tetramethylene Trinitramine; Hexahydro-1,3,5-Trinitro-Sym-Triazine	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5 mg/m ³ (t); -skin-		t-A4
Cyclopentadiene 542-92-7	1,3-Cyclopentadiene	OV	7100 8100	75 ppm (o)(t)	750 ppm	
-D-						
2,4-D 94-75-7	Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid; 2,4-Dichlorophenoxyacetic Acid	OV/NRP100	7100+7940 8100+8940	10 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	100 mg/m ³	t-A4
Diacetone Alcohol 123-42-2	4-hydroxy-4 methyl-2 pentanone, Diacetone, 2-Methyl-2-pentanol-4-one	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (o)(t)	1800 ppm [10% LEL]	t-A4
Diatomaceous earth (uncalcined Silica-amorphous) 61790-53-2	(See Silica)					
Dibutyl phthalate 84-74-2	DBP; Dibutyl-1,2-Benzene dicarboxylate; Di-n-butylphthalate	OV/RP	7100+8970/7940 8100+8970/8940	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	4,000 mg/m ³	
Dibutyl phosphate 107-66-4	Dibutyl Acid-o-Phosphate; Di-n-Butyl Hydrogen Phosphate; Dibutyl Phosphoric Acid	OV/RP	7100+8970/7940 8100+8970/8940	1 ppm (o)(t); 2 ppm (s)(t)	30 ppm	
1,3-Dichloro-5, 5-Dimethylhydantoin 118-52-5	Dactin; DDH; Halane	OV/N	7100+78910 8100+8910	0.2 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 0.4 mg/m ³ (s)(t)	5 mg/m ³	
o-Dichlorobenzene 95-50-1	o-DCB; 1,2-Dichlorobenzene; ortho-Dichlorobenzene; Dichlorocide	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	25 ppm (t) 50 ppm (c)-(o)	200 ppm	t-A4 Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
p-Dichlorobenzene 106-46-7	p-DCB; 1,4-Dichlorobenzene; para-Dichlorobenzene; Dichlorocide	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	10 ppm (t) 75 ppm (o)	150 ppm	t-A3
1,2 Dichloroethylene 540-59-0 156-59-2 156-60-3	Acetylenedichloride; Dioform	OV	7100 8100	200 ppm (o)(t)	1,000 ppm	
Dichloroethyl ether 111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether; 2,2'-Dichlorodiethyl ether, 2,2'-Dichloroethyl ether	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (t) [10 ppm (s)-(t)] [15 ppm (o)-(c)] -skin-	100 ppm	t-A4
1,2 Dichloropropane 78-87-5	(See Propylene Dichloride)					
Dicyclopentadiene 77-73-6		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	5 ppm (t)		
Dicyclopentadienyl Iron 102-54-5	bis-Cyclopentadienyl Iron; Ferrocene	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10mg/m ³ (t), 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Diethanolamine 111-42-2	DEA; di- (2-Hydroxyethyl) Amine	OV	7100 8100	0.46 (t); -skin-		Add 8970/8940 if particulate is present
Diethylamine 109-89-7	Diethamine; N,N-Diethalamine; N-Ethylanamine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (t) 10 ppm (s)-(t) 25 ppm-(o) -skin-	200 ppm	t-A4
2 Diethylaminoethanol 100-37-8	2-Diethylaminoethyl Alcohol; N,N-Diethylethanolamine	OV	7100 8100	10 ppm (o); 2 ppm (t); -skin-	100 ppm	
Diethyl Ether 60-29-7	(See Ethyl Ether)					
Diethyl Ketone 96-22-0	Metacetone; Propione; 3-Pentanone; Ethyl Propionyl	OV	7100 8100	200 ppm (t)		ACGIH NIC to 300 ppm (s)-(t)

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Diethyl Phthalate 84-66-2	Ethylphthalate; DEP	RP	2740R95/8970 7940/7990 8940/8990	5 mg/m ³ (t)		t-A4
Diisobutyl Ketone 108-83-8	DIBK; sym-Diisopropyl acetone; 2,6-Dimethyl-4-hepanone; Isovaleronone; Valerone	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	25 ppm (t) 50 ppm (o)	500 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
Diisopropylamine 108-18-9	DIPA, N-(1-Methylethyl)-2-propanamine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (o)(t) -skin-	200 ppm	
Dimethylamino Benzene 1300-73-8	(See Xylydine)					
Dimethylamine 124-40-3	Anhydrous Dimethylamine	AM	7400 8400	5 ppm (t); 10 ppm (o); 15 ppm (s)-(t)-skin-	500 ppm	AM not specifically approved & short OV service life; t-A4
Dimethylaniline 121-69-7	N,N-Dimethylaniline	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (o)(t); 10 ppm (s)-(t); -skin-	100 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists, t-A4
Dimethyl-1,2-Dibromo-2,2-Dichloroethyl Phosphate 300-76-5 ing		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	3 mg/m ³ (o)-skin-.1 mg/m ³	200 mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI (Acetyl-Cholinesterase Inhibi-Pesticide) exists, t-A4; inhalable fraction & vapor/aerosol & SEN
Dimethyl Phthalate 131-11-3	DMP	OV/RP	7100+8970/7940 8100+8970/8940	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	2,000 mg/m ³	
Dinitrobenzene (All Isomers) 100-25-4; 528-29-0; 99-65-0	o-Dinitrobenzene; 1,2 Dinitrobenzene; m-Dinitrobenzene; 1,3-Dinitrobenzene; p-Dinitrobenzene; 1-4-Dinitrobenzene	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	50 mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists (Methemoglobin Inducer) exists
4,6 Dinitro-o-Cresol 534-52-1		N	2310/2315N99 2310/2315N99	0.2 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	5 mg/m ³	
3,5 Dinitro-o-Toluamide 148-01-6	Dinitolmide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (t)		t-A4 ACGIH NIC to 1mg/m ³
Dinitrotoluene 25321-14-6	Dinitroluol; DNT; Methyldinitrobenzene	OV/P100	7100+7940 8100+8940	1.5 mg/m ³ (o); 0.2 mg/m ³ (t); -skin-	50 mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI (Methemoglobin Inducer) exists; t-A3
Dioxane 123-91-1	Diethylene Dioxide; Diethylene Ether; Dioxane; p-Dioxane; 1,4-Dioxane	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t);100 ppm (o) -skin-	500 ppm	t-A3
Diphenyl 92-52-4	(See Biphenyl)					
Diphenylamine 122-39-4	DPA; N-phenylaniline	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	10 mg/m ³ (t)		May want to use 2400N95 if odor is a problem, t-A4
Di-sec-octylphthalate 117-81-7	DOP,bis-(2-Ethylhexyl) Phthalate; Di-2-Ethylhexyl Phthalate; DEHP	RP	2740R95 7940/7990 8970/8940/8990	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t);	5,000 mg/m ³	ACGIH NIC to delete STEL; t-A3
1-Dodecanethiol 112-55-0	n-Dodecylmercaptan, n-Laurylmercaptan, 1-Mercaptododecane	OV	7100 8100	0.1 ppm (t)		R or P filter may be needed with oily aerosols
-E-						
Emery 1302-74-5	Corundum; Aluminum Oxide; Aluminum Trioxide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	15mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Endrin 72-20-8		OV/NRP100	7100+7940 8100+8940	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	2 mg/m ³	t-A4
Epoxies	(See Specific Compounds)					
Ethanolamine 141-43-5	Ethylolamine; Monoethanolamine; B-Aminoethyl alcohol; 2-Aminoethanol; 2-Hydroxethylamine	OV	7100 8100	3 ppm (o)(t); 6 ppm (s)-(t)	30 ppm	
2-Ethoxyethanol 110-80-5	Ethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether; Glycol Monoethyl Ether; Cellosolve solvent	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (t); 100 ppm (o); 500 ppm -skin-		Substances for which ACGIHBEI exists

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
2-Ethoxy Ethylacetate 111-15-9	Cellosolve Acetate; Ethylene Glycol Monoethyl Ether Acetate	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (o); 5 ppm (t); -skin-	500 ppm	Substances for which ACGIH BEI exists
Ethyl Acetate 141-78-6	Acetic ester, Acetic ether, Ethyl ester of acetic acid, Ethyl ethanoate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	400 ppm (o)(t)	2000 ppm [10% LEL]	
Ethyl Acrylate 140-88-5	Ethyl acrylate (inhibited), Ethyl ester of acrylic acid, Ethyl propenoate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (t) 15 ppm (s)-(t) 25 ppm (o) -skin-	300 ppm	
Ethyl Amyl Ketone 541-85-5	5-methyl-3-heptanon; ethyl sec-amyl ketone; amyl ethyl ketone; 3-methyl-5-heptanone; EAK; ethyl amylic ketone	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (t) 25 ppm (o)	100 ppm	
Ethyl Benzene 100-41-4	Phenylethane; Ethylbenzol	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t); 100 ppm (o); 125 ppm (s)-(t)	800 ppm	Add 8940 if particulate [10% Lower is present. Substance explosion limit] for which a t-A3; ACGIH BEI exists;
Ethyl Butyl Ketone 106-35-4	3-Heptanone	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (o)(t); 75 ppm (s)-(t)	1,000 ppm	Add 8940 if particulate is present
Ethylene Chlorhydrin 107-07-3	2-Chloroethanol; 2-Chloroethyl Alcohol	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (o)- 1 ppm (c)-(t); -skin	7 ppm	t-A4
Ethylene Diamine 107-15-3	1,2-Diaminoethane; 1,2-Ethanediamine; Ethylenediamine (anhydrous)	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (o) (t) -skin-	1000 ppm	t-A4
Ethylene Dibromide 106-93-4	1,2-Dibromoethane; Ethylene bromide; Glycol dibromide, EDB	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	20 ppm (o) 30 ppm (c)-(o) 50 ppm 5 minute peak per 8-hr shift	100 ppm	
Ethylene Glycol, Aerosol 107-21-1	Ethylene Alcohol; Glycol; 1,2-Ethanediol	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	100 mg/m ³ (c)-(t)		t-A4
Ethyl Ether 60-29-7	Diethyl Ether; Ethyl Oxide; Ether	OV	7100 8100	400 ppm (o)(t); 500 ppm (s)-(t)	1,900 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	Short service life; t-A4
Ethyldiene Norbornene 16219-75-3	ENB, 5-Ethyldenebicyclo(2.2.1)hept-2-ene, 5-Ethyldene-2-norbornene	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (c)-(t)	N.D.	
Ethyl Mercaptan 75-08-1	Ethanethiol; Ethyl Sulphydrate	OV	7100 8100	0.5 ppm (t); 10 ppm (c)-(o)	500 ppm	
n-Ethylmorpholine 100-74-3	4-Ethylmorpholine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (t) 20 ppm (o) -skin-	100 ppm	
Ethyl Silicate 78-10-4	Silicic Acid Tetraethylester	OV	7100 8100	10 ppm (t) 100 ppm (o)	700 ppm	
-F-						
Ferbam 14484-64-1	Carbamate Dimethyldithiocarbamic Acid N		EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ 10 mg/m ³ (t)	800 mg/m ³	t-A4
Ferovanadium Dust 12604-58-9		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 3 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	500 mg/m ³	
Fibrous Glass Dust, Glass Fibers, Glass Wool, Rock Wool, Slag Wool, Continuous Filament Glass Fibers**		N95	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 f/cc (t)*; Total 15 mg/m ³ (o); respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o); **5mg/m ³ (measured as inhalable fraction)		(t)-A3 Respirable fiber longer than 5 u; diameter; aspect ratio >3:1 as det. by mem. Filter meth 400-450 X mag (4mm obj.) phas. cont. illum. **(t)-A4
Flourides (as F)	(See Specific Compound)					

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Formaldehyde 50-00-0	Methylene Oxide; Formalin	FORM	7500/7600 8500/8600	0.75 ppm (o); 0.3 ppm (c)-(t); 2 ppm (s)-(o)	20 ppm	See 29CFR1910.1048; O-Ca; t-A2; Dispose of cartridges at the end of each work shift; wear gas-proof goggles with half-mask. Do not use same cartridge for any other gases or vapors; SEN
Fufural 98-01-1	Fural, 2-Furancarboxaldehyde, Furfuraldehyde, 2-Furfuraldehyde	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	2 ppm (t) 5 ppm (o) -skin-	100 ppm	t-A3 Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
Furfuryl Alcohol 98-00-0	2-Furylmethanol, 2-Hydroxymethylfuran	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (t) 50 ppm (o) 15 ppm (s)-(t) -skin-	75 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
-G-						
Gasoline 8006-61-9	Motor fuel, Motor spirits, Natural gasoline, Petrol [Note: A complex mixture of volatile hydrocarbons (paraffins, cycloparaffins & aromatics).]	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	300 ppm (t) 500 ppm (s)-(t) Bulk handling	N.D.	t-A3
Glutaraldehyde 111-30-8	Glutaric Dialdehyde; 1,5-Pentanediol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	0.05 ppm (c)-(t)* -SEN-	N.D.	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present *activated or inactivated
Glycerin, Mist 56-81-5	Glycerol	RP	2740R95/8970 7940, 7990 8940, 8990	Total dust 15 mg/m³ (o), 10 mg/m³ (t) Respirable fraction 5 mg/m³ (o)		
Glycol monoethyl Ether 110-80-5	(See 2-Ethoxyethanol)					
Grain Dust (Oat, Wheat, Barley)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	4 mg/m³ (t)*; 10 mg/m³ (o) -SEN-		*Inhalable dust
Graphite (Natural) 7782-42-5	Plumbago; Potelot; Corbo Minerals; Black Lead; Silver Lead	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2.0 mg/m³ (t)* (all forms except graphite fibers); 15MPCF(o)	1,250 mg/m³	*Respirable particulate fraction
Graphite (Synthetic) (all forms except fibers) 7440-44-0		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 15 mg/m³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m³ (o), 2.0 mg/m³ (t)*		*All forms except graphite fibers
Gypsum 13397-24-5	(See Plaster of Paris)					
-H-						
Hafnium & Compounds, Dusts & Mists 7440-58-6	Celtium; Elemental Hafnium; Hafnium metal	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.5 mg/m³ (o)(t)	50 mg/m³ (as Hf)	
n-Heptane 142-82-5	Normal heptane; n-heptane	OV	7100 8100	400 ppm (t); 500 ppm -(o) 500 ppm (s)-(t)	750 ppm	
2-Heptanone 110-43-0	(See Methyl n-amyl ketone)					
3-Heptanone 106-35-4	(See Ethyl butyl ketone)					
Hexachloroethane 67-72-1	Perchloroethane	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	1 ppm (o)(t); -skin-	300 ppm	t-A3
Hexachloronaphthalene 1335-87-1	Halowax 1014	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.2 mg/m³ (o)(t); -skin-	2 mg/m³	
n-Hexane 110-54-3	Hexane; Hexylhydride	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (t); 500 ppm (o); -skin-	1100 ppm [10% lower explosion limit]	Substance for which ACGIHBEI exists

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Hexane (Isomers other than n-Hexane)	Diethylmethylmethane; Diisopropyl Isohexane	OV	7100 8100	500 ppm (t); 1,000 ppm (s)-(t)		
2-Hexanone 591-78-6	Methyl n-Butyl Ketone; MBK	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (t);100 ppm (o); 1,600 ppm 10 ppm (s)-(t); -skin-		
Hexone 108-10-1	Methyl Isobutyl Ketone, Isobutyl methyl ketone, 4-Methyl 2-pentanone, MIBK	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	20 ppm (t) 100 ppm (o) 75 ppm (s)-(t)	500 ppm	t-A3 Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
sec-Hexyl acetate 108-84-9	1,3-Dimethylbutyl acetate; Methylisoamyl acetate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (o) (t)	500 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
Hexylene glycol 107-41-5	2,4-Dihydroxy-2-methylpentane; 2-Methyl-2,4-pentanediol; 4-Methylpentane-2,4-diol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	25 ppm (c)-(t)	N.D.	
Hydrogen Bromide 10035-10-6	Hydrobromic acid	AG	7200 8200	3 ppm (o) 2 ppm (c)-(t)	30 ppm	
Hydrogen Chloride 7647-01-0	Hydrochloric acid (when in aqueous form)	AG	7200 8200	2 ppm (c)-(t) 5 ppm (c)-(o)	50 ppm	ACGIH NIC to 2 ppm (C) & t-A4
Hydrogen Fluoride (as F) 7664-39-3	Anhydrous hydrogen fluoride; Aqueous hydrogen fluoride (i.e. Hydrofluoric acid); HF-A; Anhydro fluoric acid; Etching acid; Flourhydrlic acid; Fluoric acid; HF	FF-AG	9001/2/3+ 7200/7300/ 7600	0.5 ppm (t)* 2 ppm (c)-(t)* 3 ppm (o)*+ *as F, +15 min -skin-	30 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
Hydrogen Sulfide 7783-06-4	Sulfuretted Hydrogen; Hydrosulfuric Acid; Hepatic Gas; Sewer Gas	AG	7200 8200	1 ppm (t); 5 ppm (s)-(t); 20 ppm (c)-(o); [50 ppm 10 min peak / 8 hr shift]	100 ppm	Escape only; Poor warning; Olfactory fatigue; (t)
Hydrogenated Terphenyls 61788-32-7		RP	2740R95 7940/7990 8940/8970/8990	0.5 ppm (t)		
Hydroquinone 123-31-9	p-Benzenediol; 1,4-Benzenediol; Dihydroxybenzene; 1,4-Dihydroxybenzene; Quinol	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	1 mg/m³ (t) 2 mg/m³ (o) -SEN-	50 mg/m³	t-A3
-I-						
Indene 95-13-6	Indonaphthene	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (t)		
Indium, Dusts 7440-74-6	Indium Metal	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m³ (t) {water soluble}		
Iron Oxide, Dust & Fume (as Fe) 1309-37-1	Ferric Oxide Fume	N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	5 mg/m³ (t)*, 10 mg/m³ (o)	2,500 mg/m³ (as Fe)	t-A4, *Particulate containing no Asbestos and < 1% Crystalline Silica.
Iron Salts, Soluble (as Fe)	Ferrous Sulfate and Chloride; Ferric Chloride & Nitrate & Sulfate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2400/2800N95	1 mg/m³ (t)		
Isoamyl Acetate 123-92-2	3-Methyl-1-Butanol Acetate; Banana Oil; 3-Methylbutyl Ethanoate	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (o) 50 ppm (t)	1,000 ppm	Add 8910 if particulate is present.
Isoamyl Alcohol Primary 123-5-3	Fermentation amyl alcohol, Fusel oil, Isobutyl carbinol, Isopentyl alcohol, 3-Methyl-1-butanol, Primary isoamyl alcohol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (o)	500 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
Isoamyl Alcohol Secondary 6032-29-7	3-Methyl-2-butanol, Secondary isoamyl alcohol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (o)	500 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
Isobutyl Acetate 110-19-0	Isobutyl ester of acetic acid, 2-Methylpropyl acetate, 2-Methylpropyl ester of acetic acid, β-Methylpropyl ethanoate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	150 ppm (o) (t)	1300 ppm [10% LEL]	
Isobutyl Alcohol 78-83-1	IBA, Isobutanol, Isopropylcarbinol, 2-Methyl-1-propanol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (t) 100 ppm (o)	1600 ppm	

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Isophorone 78-59-1	3,5,5-Trimethyl-2-Cyclohexene-1-one	OV	7100 8100	25 ppm (o); 5 ppm (c)-(t)	200 ppm	Add 8910 if particulate is present; A-3
Isopropoxy-Ethanol 109-59-1	IPE, Isopropyl Glycol; Isopropyl Celllosolve	OV	7100 8100	25 ppm (t); -skin-		
Isopropyl Alcohol 67-63-0	Dimethyl carbinol, IPA, Isopropanol, 2-Propanol, sec-Propyl alcohol, Rubbing Alcohol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	400 ppm (o) 200 ppm (t) 400 (s)-(t)	2000 ppm [10% LEL]	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
Isopropyl Acetate 109-59-1	Isopropyl Ester of Aceic Acid, 1-Methylethyl ester of acetic acid, 2-Prop	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	250 ppm (o) 100 ppm (t) 200 ppm (s)-(t)	1800 ppm	
Isopropyl Amine 75-31-0	2-aminopropane, monoisopropylamine, 2-propylamine, sec-propylamine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	5 ppm (o) (t) 10 ppm (s)-(t)	750 ppm	
Isopropyl Ether 108-20-3	Diisopropyl Ether	OV	7100 8100	500 ppm (o); 250 ppm (t); 310 ppm (s)-(t)	1,400 ppm; [10% Lower explosion limit]	

-K-

Kaolin 1332-58-7	China Clay; Aluminum Silicate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2800N95	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o), 2 mg/m ³ (t)	t-A4, Particulate containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica. Does not include stearates of toxic metals
Kerosene 8008-20-6		OV/RP	7100+ 8970/7940 8100+ 8970/8940	200 ppm as total Hydrocarbon vapor -skin-	t-A3, avoid prolonged and repeated skin contact

-L-

Lacquer Thinner	(See Specific Ingredients)				
Lead, Metal* & Inorganic Compounds (Dust and Fume) 7439-92-1		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/8990	0.05 mg/m ³ (o)(t) (as Pb)	See 29CFR1910.1025 t-A3, Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists; 29CFR1910.62 Construction standard
Lead Chromate 7758-97-6	Chrome Orange, Red Lead Chromate	NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/8990	0.05mg/m ³ (t) as Pb; 0.012mg/m ³ (t) as Cr	t-A2; substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
Lead Phosphate 7446-27-7	(See 29CFR1910.1025)				
Limestone 1317-65-3	Calcium Carbonate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ (o), 10 mg/m ³ (t); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)	Particulates containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica, t-A3
Lindane 58-89-9	Hexachlorocyclohexane	OV/NRP100 R95/P100	7100+ 8970/7940 8100+8940 +8970/8940	0.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	50 mg/m ³ t-A3
Lithium Hydride 7580-67-8		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.025 mg/m ³ (o)(t) 0.5 mg/m ³	

-M-

Magnesite 546-93-0	Magnesium Carbonate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t) 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)	Particulate containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica
Magnesium Oxide Fume 1309-48-4	Magnesia Fume	N		15 mg/m ³ (o) 2310/2315N99 10 mg/m ³ (t)	750 mg/m ³
Malathion 121-75-5		OV/RP	7100+ 8970/7940 8100+ 8970/8940	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ (o), 1 mg/m ³ (t)*, -skin-	250 mg/m ³ Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists, t-A4; *inhalable vapor/aerosol
Manganese*; Dust & Inorganic Compounds (as Mn) *7439-96-5		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (c)-(o); 0.2 mg/m ³ (t)	500 mg/m ³ (as Mn) ACGIH NIC to .03mg/m ³ respirable fraction

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Manganese, Metal Fume (as Mn) 7439-96-5		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	0.2 mg/m ³ (t); 5 mg/m ³ (c)-(o)	500 mg/m ³ (as Mn)	
Marble	(See Calcium Carbonate)					
Mercury Inorganic Compounds (as Hg) (except Alkyls) 7439-97-6		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.025 mg/m ³ (t); 0.1 mg/m ³ (c)-(o); -skin-	10 mg/m ³	For dust with no vapor pressure; t-A4
Mercury, Aryl Compounds (as Hg)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (t); 0.1 mg/m ³ (c)-(o); -skin-		For dust with no vapor pressure; Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
Mesityl Oxide 141-79-7	Isobutetyl methyl ketone, Isopropylideneacetone, Methyl isobutetyl ketone, 4-Methyl-3- penten-2-one	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	15 ppm (t) 25 ppm (o) 25 ppm (s)-(t)	1400 ppm [10% LEL]	
Methanethiol 74-93-1	(See Methyl Mercaptan)					
2-Methoxyethanol 109-86-4	Ethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether; Methyl Cellosolve®	OV	7100 8100	0.1 ppm (t); 25 ppm (o); -skin-	200 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
2-Methoxyethyl Acetate 110-49-6	Ethylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate; Ethylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether Acetate; Methyl Cellosolve Acetate®	OV	7100 8100	0.1 ppm (t); 25 ppm (o); -skin-	200 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
4-Methoxyphenol 150-76-5	p-Methoxyphenol; Hydroquinone Monomethyl Ether	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (t)		
Methyl Acetate 79-20-9	Methyl Ester of Acetic Acid; Methyl Acetic Ester; Methyl Ethanoate	OV	7100 8100	200 ppm (o)(t); 250 ppm (s)-(t)	3100 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	
Methyl Acrylate 96-33-3	Methoxycarbonylethylene, Methyl ester of acrylic acid, Methyl propenoate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	2 ppm (t) 10 ppm (o) -skin-; SEN-	250 ppm	t-A4
Methylamine 74-89-5	Monomethylamine	AM	7400 8400	10 ppm (o), 5 ppm (t); 15 ppm (s)-(t)	100 ppm	Must use goggles for half mask
Methyl Cellosolve® 109-86-4	(See 2-Methoxyethanol)					
Methyl Cellosolve Acetate® (See 2-Methoxyethyl Acetate) 110-49-6						
Methyl Chloroform 71-55-6	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	OV	7100 8100	350 ppm (t)(o)	700 ppm	ACGIHBEI exists
o-Methylcyclohexanone 583-60-8	2-Methylcyclohexanone	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (t) 75 ppm (s)-(t) 100 ppm (o) -skin-	600 ppm	
2-Methylcyclopentadienyl Manganese Tricarbonyl 12108-13-3		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.2 mg/m ³ (t); -skin-		If heat involved, use supplied air
4,4-Methylenedianiline 101-77-9	4,4-Diaminodiphenylmethane; MDA	NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/7990	0.01 ppm (o); 0.1 ppm (t); 0.1 ppm (s)-(o); -skin-		Need OV/NRP100 if heat is involved. See 29 CFR 1910.1050; O-Ca; t-A3
Methyl Ethyl Ketone 78-93-3	see 2-Butanone					
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone 110-12-3	Isoamyl methyl ketone, Isopentyl methyl ketone, 2-methyl-5-hexanone, 5-Methyl-2-hexanone, methyl-2- Hexanone, MIAK	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (t) 100 ppm (o)	N.D.	
Methyl Isobutyl Carbinol 108-11-2	Methyl Amyl Alcohol	OV	7100 8100	25 ppm (o)(t); 40 ppm (s)-(t); -skin-	400 ppm	
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone 108-10-1	see Hexanone	FF-OV				

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Methyl Isopropyl Ketone 563-80-4	2-Acetyl propane, Isopropyl methyl ketone, 3-Methyl-2-butanon, 3-Methyl butan-2-one, MIPK	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	200 ppm (t)	N.D.	
Methyl (n-amyl) Ketone 110-43-0	n-Amyl Methyl Ketone; 2-Heptanone	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (o); 50 ppm (t)	800 ppm	Add 8940 if Particulate is present
Methyl Mercaptan 74-93-1	Methanethiol	OV	7100 8100	0.5 ppm (t); 10 ppm (c)-(o)	150 ppm	Very short service life
Methyl Methacrylate 80-62-6	Methacrylic Acid; Methyl Ester	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (o) 50 ppm (t) 100 ppm (s)(t)	1,000 ppm	t-A4; SEN
Methyl Parathion 290-00-0		OV/P100	7100+7940 8100+8940	0.2 mg/m ³ (t); -skin-		Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists; t-A4
Methyl Propyl Ketone 107-87-9	see 2-Pentanone	FF-OV				
a-Methyl Styrene 98-83-9	1-Methyl-1-Phenyl-Ethylene; AMS; 2 Phenylpropylene; Isopropenyl Benzene	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (t); 100 ppm (s)-(t); 100 ppm (c)-(o)	700 ppm	Add 8970 or 8940 if Particulate is present ACGIH NiC to 20ppm & T-A3
Mica (less than 1% quartz) 12001-26-2		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	20 mppcf (o);** 3 mg/m ³ (t)*	1,500 mg/m ³	Does not include stearates of toxic metals; *Respirable; Particulate containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica ** <1% Silica
Mineral Spirits	(See Stoddard Solvent)					
Mineral (Rock), Wool Fiber	(See Fibrous Glass)					
Molybdenum - Soluble Compounds – Inorganics only (as Mo) 7439-98-7		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (o) .5 mg/m ³ (t)* {water soluble}	1,000 mg/m ³ (as Mo)	*Respirable fraction; t-A3
Molybdenum - Insoluble Compounds and Metal Dust – Inorganics only (as Mo) 7439-98-7		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	10 mg/m ³ (t)** 15 mg/m ³ (o)* 3 mg/m ³ (t)***	5,000 mg/m ³ (as Mo)	*Total dust; ***respirable fraction and **inhalable fraction
Monochlorobenzene 108-90-7	(See Chlorobenzene)					
Morpholine 110-91-8	Diethylene imidoxide; Diethylene oximide; Tetrahydro-1,4-oxazine; Tetrahydro-p-oxazine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	20 ppm (o) (t) -skin-	1400 ppm [10% LEL]	t-A4
Muriatic Acid 7647-01-0	(See Hydrogen Chloride)					
-N-						
Naphtha (Coal tar) 8030-30-6	crude solvent coal tar naptha, High solvent naptha, Naptha, Rubber solvent	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (o)	1000 ppm [10% LEL]	
Naphthalene 91-20-3	White Tar; Naphthalin	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	10 ppm (o)(t); 15 ppm (s)-(t) -skin-	250 ppm	t-A4
a-Naphthylamine 134-32-7	1-Naphthylamine					See 29CFR1910.1003 and 1004; O-Ca
b-Naphthylamine 91-59-8	2-Naphthylamine		{water soluble}			See 29CFR1910.1003, and 1004; t-A1; O-Ca
Nickel, Soluble Compounds (as Ni)		N {water soluble}	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (t)* 1 mg/m ³ (o)	10 mg/m ³ (as Ni)	*Inhalable fraction, t-A4
Nickel, Insoluble Compounds (as Ni)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1.0 mg/m ³ (o), .2 mg/m ³ (t)*	10 mg/m ³ (as Ni)	*Inhalable fraction, t-A1

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Nickel, Metal 7440-02-0		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (o), 1.5 mg/m ³ (t)*	10mg/m ³ (as Ni)	*Inhalable fraction, t-A5
Nicotine 54-11-5	3-(1-Methyl-2-Pyrrolidyl) Pyridine	OV/RP	7100+8970/7940 8100+8970/8940	0.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	5 mg/m ³	
p-Nitroaniline 100-01-6	Azoic diazo component 37; p-Aminonitro-benzene; Fast Red GG. base; 4-Nitroaniline; PNA	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	3 mg/m ³ (t); -skin- 6 mg/m ³ (o)	300mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists t-A4
Nitrobenzene 98-95-3	Nitrobenzol; Oil of Mirbane	OV	7100 8100	1 ppm (o)(t); -skin-	200 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists t-A3
Nitroethane 79-24-3	Nitroetan	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (o) (t)	1000 ppm	
Nitromethane 75-52-5	Nitrocarbol	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t) 50 ppm (o)	750ppm	
1-Nitropropane 108-03-2	Nitropropane	OV	7100 8100	25 ppm (t)(o)	1000ppm	
2-Nitropropane 79-46-9	Dimethylnitromethane; sec-Nitropropane	OV	7100 8100	10 ppm (t) 25 ppm (o)	100ppm	
Nitroluene (o*, mt, p*) *88-72-2 †99-08-1 △99-99-0		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	2 ppm (t); -skin- 5 ppm (o)	200 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI (Methemoglobin inducer) exists
Nonane 111-84-2	n-Nonane	OV	7100 8100	200 ppm (t)		
Nuisance particulates	See (Particulates not otherwise classified)					
-O-						
Octachloronaphthalene 2234-13-1	Halowax 1051	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 0.3 mg/m ³ (s)-(t); -skin-	1mg/m ³ *	Add 8910 if particulate is present. *NIOSH set "Effective" IDLH at 10x the Recommended Exposure Limit (REL)
Octane	Normal Octane	OV	7100 8100	500 ppm (o)* 300 ppm ((t);	1,000 ppm; [10% Lower explosion limit]	*n-Octane only
Oil Mist (Mineral);	White Mineral Oil; Heavy Mineral Oil; Paraffin Oil	RP	2740R95/8970 7940/7990 8940/8990	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)*; 10 mg/m ³ (s)(t)	2,500 mg/m ³	*Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
Oxalic Acid 144-62-7	Oxalic Acid Dihydrate; Ethane Dioic Acid	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 2 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	500 mg/m ³	
-P-						
Paraffin Wax Fume 8002-74-2		RP	2740R95/ 2360P100/8970 7940/7990 8940/8990	2 mg/m ³		
Paraquat Dichloride 1910-42-5		OV/NRP	7100+8910/ 8970/7940 8100+8910/ 8970/8940		1 mg/m ³ (t)	
Parathion 56-38-2		OV/P100	7100+7940 8100+8940	0.1 mg/m ³ (o); -skin- -05 mg/m ³ (t)* -skin-	10 mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists; t-A4; *Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Particulates Not Otherwise Classified (PNOC)		NRP	See note**	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ (o) or 50mppcf(o); Respirable fraction; 5 mg/m ³ (o) or 15mppcf(o);		**Caution is advised category includes many materials, R or P filter is suggested if oils are present
Pentachloronaphthalene 1321-64-8	Halowax 1013	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	5mg/m ³ *	*NIOSH set "Effective" IDLH at 10x the Recommended Exposure Limit (REL)
Pentachlorophenol 87-86-5		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	2.5 mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists t-A3
Pentaerythritol 115-77-5		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t), 15mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Pentane 109-66-0	Normal Pentane	OV	7100 8100	600ppm (t) 100ppm	1500 ppm [10% Lower explosion limit]	
2-Pentanone 107-87-9	Methyl Propyl Ketone, MPK, Ethyl acetone	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	200 ppm (o) 150 ppm (s)-(t)	1500 ppm	
Perchloroethylene	see tetrachloroethylene					
Perchloromethyl Mercaptan 594-42-3	PMM; Trichloromethyl Sulfur Chloride	OV	7100 8100	0.1 ppm (o)(t)	10 ppm	
Perlite 93763-70-3	Sodium Potassium Aluminum Silicate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total Dust 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		t-A4
Petroleum Distillates (Naphtha) 8002-05-9	Petroleum Naphtha; Aliphatic Petroleum Naphtha; Rubber Solvent; Naphtha	OV	7100 8100	500 ppm (o)	1,100 ppm; [10% Lower explosion limit]	Odors vary. Must have good warning properties to use 8100. Specific TLV's apply
Phenol 108-95-2	Carbolic Acid; Monohydroxy Benzene	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	5 ppm (o)(t); -skin-	250 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists; t-A4
p-Phenylenediamine 106-50-3		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	25 mg/m ³	Use supplied air if heat is involved; t-A4
Phenyl Ether, Vapor 101-84-8	Diphenyl Ether; Diphenyl Oxide	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	1 ppm (o)(t); 2 ppm (s)(t)	100 ppm	
Phenyl Ether - Biphenyl Mixture; Vapor 8004-13-5	Dowtherm™ A, Diphenyl Oxide - Diphenyl Mixture	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	1 ppm (o)	10ppm	Add 8910 if Particulate is present
Phenyl Mercaptan 108-98-5	Benzeneethiol; Thiophenol	OV	7100 8100	0.1 ppm (t) Skin		
Phenylethylene 108-42-5	(see Styrene Monomer)					
Phosphoric Acid 7664-38-2	Orthophosphoric acid, Phosphoric acid (aqueous), White phosphoric acid	FF-N95	9001/2/3+ 7940/7990	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t) 3 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	1000 mg/m ³	
Phosphorus Pentasulfide 1314-80-3	Phosphoric Chloride	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 3 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	250 mg/m ³	
Phthalic Anhydride 85-44-9	Phosphoric Sulfide	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	1 ppm (t) 2ppm (o)	10 ppm	t-A4; SEN
m-Phthalodinitrile 626-17-5	Isophthalodinitrile; IPN; m-Dicyanobenzene	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (t)*		*Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
Picric Acid 88-89-1	2,4,6,-Trinitrophenol	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	75 mg/m ³	
Pindone 83-26-1	Tert-Butylvalone, mist 1,3-Dioxo-2-Pivaloy-Lindane	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	100 mg/m ³	

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Piperazine Dihydrochloride 142-64-3	Dihydrochloride Salt of Diethylenediamine	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (t)		
Plaster of Paris 26499-65-0	Calcium Sulfate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t)* 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		Total dust containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica measured as inhalable fraction of aerosol
Platinum Metal, Dusts and Mists 7440-06-4		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (t) {water-based}		
Platinum Soluble Salts 7440-06-4	Synonyms vary depending upon the specific soluble platinum salt	FF-N95	9001/2/3+ 7940/7990	.002 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	4 mg/m ³ (as PT)	
Portland Cement 65997-15-1	Hydraulic Cement; Cement; Portland Cement Silicate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 1 mg/m ³ (t) 15mg/m ³ (o) or 50mppcf (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)	5,000 mg/m ³	Particulate matter containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica t-A4
Potassium Hydroxide 1310-58-3	Caustic Potash; Lye; Potassium Hydrate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2 mg/m ³ (c)-(t)		
Propargyl Alcohol 107-19-7	2-Propyl-1-01	OV	7100 8100	1ppm (t) -skin-		
Propionic Acid 79-09-4	Carboxyethane, Ethanecarboxylic acid, Ethylformic acid, Metacetonic acid, Methyl acetic acid, Propanoic acid	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (t)	N.D.	
n-Propyl Acetate 109-60-4	Propylacetate, n-Propyl ester of acetic acid	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	200 ppm (o)(t) 250 ppm (s)-(t)	1700 ppm	
n-Propyl Alcohol 71-223-8	1-propanol, n-propanol, propanol, Ethyl carbinol	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (t) 200 ppm (o)	800 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present t-A4
Propylene Dichloride 78-87-5	1,2-Dichloropropane	OV	7100 8100	10 ppm (t); 75ppm (0)	400 ppm -SEN-	t-A4
Propylene Glycol Monomethyl Ether 107-98-2	1-Methoxy-2-Propanol	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (t); 150 ppm (s)-(t)		
Pyrethrum 8003-34-7	Cinerin I or II; Jasmolin I or II; Pyrethrin I or II; Pyrethrum I or II [Pyrethrum is a variable mixture of Cenerin, Jasmolin and Pythrin]	OV/P100	7100+7940 8100+8940	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	5,000 mg/m ³	t-A4
Pyridine 110-86-1	Azabenzenes; Azine	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (o)(t)	1,000 ppm	ACGIH NIC to 1 ppm & t-A3
-Q-						
Quartz	(See Silica, Crystalline)					
Quinone 106-51-4	Benzoquinone, 1,4-Benzoquinone; p-Benzoquinone, 1,4-Cyclohexadiene dioxide, p-Quinone	FF-OV/N95	9001/2/3+ 7100+8910	0.1 ppm (o)(t)	22 ppm	
-R-						
Resorcinol 108-46-3	m-Dihydroxybenzene; 1,3-Benzenediol	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	10 ppm (t); 20 ppm (s)-(t)		t-A4
Rhodium, Metal* and Insoluble Compounds, Dusts and Mists (as Rh) *7440-16-6		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o); 1 mg/m ³ (t) {water-based}	100 mg/m ³ (as Rh)	t-A4
Rhodium, Metal Fume (as Rh) 7440-16-6		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o) 1 mg/m ³ (t)	100 mg/m ³ (as Rh)	
Rhodium, Soluble Compounds (as Rh)		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 7940/7990 8940/8990	0.001 mg/m ³ (o); 0.01 mg/m ³ (t)	2 mg/m ³ (as Rh)	t-A4

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Ronnel 299-84-3		OV/NRP100	7100+7940 8100+8940	5 mg/m ³ (t)* 15 mg/m ³ (o)	300 mg/m ³	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists, t-A4. *Measured as inhalable fraction and vapor
Rotenone 83-79-4		OV/NRP100	7100+7940 8100+88940	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	2,500 mg/m ³	t-A4
Rouge 1309-37-1	Red Iron Oxide; Red Oxide; Blended Red Oxides; Iron (III) Oxide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
-S-						
Selenium* & Compounds; Dusts & Mists (except Hexafluoride) (as Se) *7782-49-2		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.2 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	1 mg/m ³ (as Se)	
Silica-Amorphous, Diatomaceous Earth (Uncalcined) 61790-53-2		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	20 mppcf (o) or <u>80 mg/m³ (o)</u> %SiO ₂	3000 mg/m ³	
Silica-Amorphous, Precipitated Silica and Silica Gel *112926-00-8		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	20 mppcf (o) or <u>80 mg/m³ (o)</u> %SiO ₂	3000 mg/m ³	
Silica-Amorphous, Silica-Fused 60676-86-0		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	<u>30 mg/m³ (o)**</u> %SiO ₂ +2 <u>or 250 mppcf (o)*</u> %SiO ₂ +5 <u>or 10 mg/m³ (o)*</u> %SiO ₂ +2	3000 mg/m ³	**Total dust *Respirable dust
Silica-Crystalline; Quartz* *14808-60-7		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.25 mg/m ³ (t)* quartz <u>10 mg/m³ (o)*</u> %SiO ₂ +2 <u>or 250 mppcf (o)*</u> %SiO ₂ +5 <u>or 30 mg (o)/m³**</u> %SiO ₂ +2	50 mg/m ³ (Crystalline quartz)	t-A2 *Respirable dust **Total dust
Silica-Crystalline; Tripoli 1317-95-9		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	(o) use the value calculated from the formulas for quartz	50 mg/m ³	
Silica-Crystalline (Cristobalite* & Tridymite*) *14464-46-1 Δ15468-32-3		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	(Cristobalite only) 0.025 mg/m ³ (t) (Respirable); (o)respirable fraction use 1/2 the value calculated from the formulas (applies to quartz for cristobalite & tridymite.)	25 mg/m ³	t-A2
Silicon 7440-21-3		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	15 mg/m ³ (o); total dust Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Silicon Carbide 409-21-2	Carbon Silicide; Carborundum; Silicon Monocarbide	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		t-A4
Silver, Metal; Dust 7440-22-4		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.01 mg/m ³ (o); 0.1 mg/m ³ (t)	10 mg/m ³ (as Ag)	
Silver, Soluble Compounds (as Ag)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.01 mg/m ³ (o)(t) {water based}	10 mg/m ³ (as Ag)	
Soapstone	Massive Talc; Steatite; Soapstone Silicate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 20 mppcf (o); Respirable fraction 3 mg/m ³ (t) 6 mg/m ³ (t) inhalable	3,000 mg/m ³	Total dust containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Sodium Aluminum Fluoride 15096-52-3	Cryocide, Cryodust, Cryolite Sodium Hexafluoroaluminate	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	250 mg/m ³ (as F)	t-A4
Sodium Bisulfite 7631-90-5	Sodium Hydrogen Sulfite	AG/N	7200+8910 8200+8910	5 mg/m ³ (t)		t-A4
Sodium Fluoroacetate 62-74-8	Sodium Monofluoroacetate; SFA	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.05 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	2.5 mg/m ³	
Sodium Fluoride 7681-49-4	Floridine, Sodium Monofluoride	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	250 mg/m ³ (as F)	t-A4
Sodium Hydroxide 1310-73-2	Caustic Soda; Soda Lye; Lye	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2 mg/m ³ (o); 2 mg/m ³ (c)-(t)	10 mg/m ³	
Sodium Metabisulfite 7681-57-4	Sodium Pyrosulfite	AG/N	8200+8910	5 mg/m ³ (t)		t-A4
Starch 9005-25-8	Corn Starch	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t), 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		t-A4
Stoddard Solvent 8052-41-3	Dry Cleaning Safety Solvent; Mineral Spirits	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (t) 500 ppm (o)	20,000 mg/m ³	
Strychnine 57-24-9		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.15 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	3 mg/m ³	
Styrene, Monomer 100-42-5	Phenylethylene; Vinyl Benzene; Cinnamene; Styrene Bonomer	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t)*; 100 ppm -(o); - 40 ppm (s)-(t) 200 ppm (c)-(o) [600 ppm (c)-(o); 5 min peak / any 3 hrs]	700 ppm	*Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists; A-4
Sucrose 57-50-1	Table Sugar; Saccharose	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t), 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		t-A4
Sulfur Dioxide 7446-09-5		AG	7200 8200	5 ppm (o); 2 ppm (t); 5 ppm (s)-(t)	100 ppm	t-A4; ACGIH NIC to 0.25 (c)
Sulfuric Acid 7664-93-9	Oil of vitriol	AG/N	7200+8910 8200+8910	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 0.2* (t)	15 mg/m ³	Must use appropriate eye protection, t-A2 for Sulfuric Acids contained in strong inorganic acid mists *Measured as Thoracic fraction of aerosol
Sulfur Monochloride 10025-67-9	Sulfur chloride, Sulfur subchloride, Thiosulfurous dichloride	FF-AG	9001/2/3+ 7200/7300/ 7600	1 ppm(c)-(t) 1 ppm (o)	5 ppm	
-T-						
2,4,5-T 93-76-5	2,4,5-Trichlorophenoxy Acetic Acid	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	10 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	250 mg/m ³	t-A4
Talc; (Containing no Asbestos Fibers) 14807-96-6	Non-Asbestiform Talc; Hydrous Magnesium Silicate; Steatite Talc; Non-Fibrous Falc	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Respirable dust* 2 mg/m ³ (t); 20mpcf (o) [containing <1% quartz]	1,000 mg/m ³	*Particulate containing no Asbestos and <1% Crystalline Silica, t-A4
Talc (Containing Asbestos Fibers)	(Use Asbestos recs. and see 29CFR1910.1001)					
Tantalum, Metal & Oxide Dusts (as Ta) 7440-25-7 (metal)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	2,500 mg/m ³ (as Ta)	
Tellurium* & Compounds, Dusts & Mists (Except Hexafluoride) (as Te) *13494-80-9		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t)* {water based mists}	25 mg/m ³	*Except Hydrogen Telluride

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Terphenyls 26140-60-3	o-Terphenyl; m-Terphenyl; p-Terphenyl; Mixed Terphenyls; Diphenyl Benzenes	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (c)(t) 9 mg/m ³ (c)(o)	500 mg/m ³	OV w/ particulate filter may be suggested if heat is involved
1,1,2,2-Tetrabromoethane 79-27-6	Acetylene tetrabromide, Muthmann's liquid, tetrabromoethane, Tetrabromoethylene		7100 8100	1.4ppm (t)* 1ppm (o)	8ppm	Measured as inhalable fraction and vapors
1,1,2,2 Tetrachloroethane 79-34-5		OV	7100 8100	1 ppm (t) 5 ppm (o) -skin-	100ppm	t-A3
Tetrachloroethylene 127-18-4	perchlorethylene, perchloroethylene, perk	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	25 ppm (t) 100 ppm (s)-(t) 100 ppm (o) 200 ppm (c) 300 ppm 5 min peak in any 3 hrs	150 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI exists
Tetrachloronaphthalene 1335-88-2		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	2 mg/m ³ (o)(t) skin	50 mg/m ³	
Tetrahydrofuran 109-99-9	Diethylene Oxide; Tetramethylene Oxide; THF	OV	7100 8100	50 ppm (t); 200 ppm (s)-(t) 200 ppm (o)	2,000 ppm (10% lower explosion limit)	t-A3
Tetryl 479-45-8	2,4,6-Trinitrophenyl-Methylnitramine; N-Methyl-N-2,4,6-Tetra-Nitroaniline; Nitramine	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1.5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	750 mg/m ³	
Thallium* Elemental and Soluble Compounds (as Ti) *7440-28-0	Thallium acetate; Thallium Carbonate; Thallium Hydroxide; etc.	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o); 0.02 mg/m ³ (t)* -skin-	15 mg/m ³ (as Ti)	Measured as inhalable fraction and vapors
4, 4'-Thiobis (6 Tert-Butyl-m-Cresol) 96-69-5	4,4' -Thiobis (3-Methyl-6-Tert-Butylphenol)	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t), 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5mg/m ³		t-A4
Thiram 137-26-8		OV/NRP100	7100+7940 8100+8940	5 mg/m ³ (o); 1 mg/m ³ (t)	100 mg/m ³	ACGIH NIC to 0.05 mg/m ³ measured as inhalable fraction and vapors & SEN.
Tin, Inorganic Compounds (Except SnH₄) and Metal Oxides (as Sn), Dusts & Mists		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	2 mg/m ³ (o)* 2 mg/m ³ (t) {water based mists}	100 mg/m ³ (as Sn) except for Tin (II) and Tin (IV)	*inorganic compound except oxides
Tin, Organic Compounds (as Sn)		OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 0.2 mg/m ³ (s)-(t); -skin-	25 mg/m ³	t-A4
Titanium Dioxide 13463-67-7	Rutile; Anatase; Brookite	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	10 mg/m ³ (t) 15 mg/m ³ (o)*	5000 mg/m ³	*total dust, t-A4
Toluene 108-88-3	Toluol; Phenyl Methane; Methyl Benzene	OV	7100 8100	20 ppm (t); 200 ppm (o); 300 ppm (c)-(o); [500 ppm 10 min peak per 8 hr shift (c)(o)]; -skin-	500 ppm	t-A4 substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists
Tributyl Phosphate 126-73-8	Tri-n-Butyl Phosphate; TBP	OV/RP	7100+8970/7940 8100+8970/8940	2.2 mg/m ³ (t) 5 mg/m ³ (o)	30 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH (Acetylcholinesterase Inhibiting Pesticide) BEI exists
Trichloroacetic Acid 76-03-9	TCA	OV/AG	7300 8300	1 ppm (t)		t-A3
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene 120-82-1		OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (c)-(t)		
Trichloroethylene 79-01-6		OV	7100 8100	10ppm (t); 100ppm (o); 1000ppm 200ppm (c)-(o) [300 ppm 5 min peak in any 2 hrs] 25ppm (c)-(t)		substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists t-A2

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Trichloronaphthalene 1321-65-9	Hallowax; Seekay Wax; Nibren Wax	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	20mg/m ³	Use 8940 when particulate is present
Tridymite	(See Silica Crystalline)					
Triethylamine 121-44-8	TEA	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	1 ppm (t) 2 ppm (s)-(t) 25 ppm (o) -skin-	200 ppm	t-A4
Trimellitic Anhydride 552-30-7	TMA	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.04 mg/m ³ (c)-(t)		ACGIH NIC to 0.0005mg/m ³ Measured as inhalable fraction and vapors & 0.002 mg/m ³ (c) Measured as inhalable fraction and vapors
Trimethylamine 75-50-3	N,N-Dimethylmethanamine; TMA [Note: May be used in an aqueous solution(typically 25%, 30%, or 40% TMA.)]	FF-AM	9001/2/3+ 7400/7600	5ppm (t)	N.D.	
Trimethyl Benzene* 95-63-6; 108-67-8; 526-73-8	Mesitylene; Pseudocumene; Hemimellitene	OV/P100	7100+7940 8100+8940	25* ppm (t)		*All isomers and mixed isomers
Trimethylphosphite 121-45-9	Methyl phosphite, Trimethoxyphosphine, FF-OV Trimethyl ester of phosphorous acid		9001/2/3+ 7100	2 ppm (t)	N.D.	
2,4,6-Trinitrophenol 88-89-1	(See Picric Acid)					
2,4,6, Trinitrophenylmethyl- Nitramine 479-45-8	(See Tetryl)					
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene 118-96-7	TNT; Trinitrotoluol	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.1 mg/m ³ (t); 1.5 mg/m ³ (o) -skin-	500 mg/m ³	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI (Methemoglobin inducer) exists
Triorthocresyl Phosphate 78-30-8	o-Tritoly Phosphate; TCP; TOCP; Tricresylphosphate	R/P	2740R95 7940/7990 8970/8940 8990	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); -skin-	40 mg/m ³	t-A4, substance for which as ACGIH BEI exists (Acetylcholinesterase Inhibiting Pesticide)
Triphenyl Amine 603-34-9		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (t)		
Triphenyl Phosphate 115-86-6	Phenyl phosphate; TPP	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	3 mg/m ³	1,000 mg/m ³	t-A4, use 8100 & 8910 if heat is involved
Tripoli	(See Silica-Crystalline)					
Tungsten*, & Insoluble Compounds (as W) *7440-33-7		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (t); 10 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)		
Tungsten, Soluble Compounds (as W)		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (t); 3 mg/m ³ (s)-(t) {water soluble}		
Turpentine 8006-64-2	Gumspirits, Gum turpentine, Spirits of turpentine, Steam distilled turpentine, Sulfate wood turpentine, Turps, Wood turpentine	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	100 ppm (o)	800 ppm	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
-U-						
Uranium (natural*), insoluble compounds (as U) *7440-61-1		NRP100	2730N100 2360P100 8940/8990	0.05 mg/m ³ (o) 0.2 mg/m ³ (t); 0.6 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	10 mg/m ³ (as U)	t-A1 Refer to 10CFR20 Subpart H

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
Uranium (Natural)*, Soluble Compounds (as U) 7440-61-1		AG/P100	7200+7940 8200+8940	0.05 mg/m ³ (o); 0.2 mg/m ³ (t); 0.6 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	10 mg/m ³ (as U) {water soluble}	t-A1 Refer to 10CR20 Subpart H
-V-						
n-Valeraldehyde 110-62-3	Amyl aldehyde, Pentanal, Valeral, Valeraldehyde, Valeric Aldehyde	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (t)	N.D.	
Vanadium Pentoxide Dust (as V₂O₅) 1314-62-1		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.05 mg/m ³ (t); Respirable dust 0.5 mg/m ³ (c)-(o)	35 mg/m ³ (as V)	t-A4, Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists. ACGIH NIC to 0.05 mg/m ³ measured as inhalable fraction of the aerosol and t-A3
Vanadium Pentoxide Fume (as V₂O₅) 1314-62-1		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	0.05 mg/m ³ (t); 0.1 mg/m ³ (c)(o)	35 mg/m ³ (as V)	t-A4, Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists. ACGIH NIC to 0.05 mg/m ³ measured as inhalable fraction of the aerosol and t-A3
Vegetable Oil, Mists (Except Caster, Cashew Nut or Similar Irritant Oils)		RP	2740R95/8970 7940/7990 8940/8990	Total particulates 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Vinyl Acetate 108-05-4	1-Acetoxyethylene, Ethenyl acetate, Ethenyl ethanoate, VAC, Vinyl acetate monomer, Vinyl ethanoate	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	10 ppm (t) 15 ppm (s)-(t)	N.D.	Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
Vinyl Benzene 100-42-5	(See Styrene, Monomer)					
Vinyl Cyanide 107-13-1	(See Acrylonitrile)					
Vinyl Toluene 25013-15-4	Ethenylmethylbenzene, Methylstyrene, Tolyethylene	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100	50 ppm (t) 100 ppm (s)-(t) 100 ppm (o)	400 ppm	t-A4 *Add particulate prefilter if particulate is present
VM & P Naphtha 8032-32-4	Ligroin, Painters naphtha, Petroleum ether, Petroleum spirit, Refined solvent naphtha, Varnish makers & painters naphtha	FF-OV	9001/2/3+ 7100			
-W-						
Warfarin 81-81-2		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.1 mg/m ³ (o)(t)	100 mg/m ³	
Welding Fumes (Not Otherwise Classified)		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95			
Wood Dust, All Varieties Except Western Red Cedar		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (t)*		*Inhalable fraction, t-A1 Beech, Oak; t-A2 Birch, Mahogany, Teak, Walnut; t-A4 all other species.
Wood Dust, Western Red Cedar		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	.5 mg/m ³ * -SEN- 2600/2700N95		Inhalable fraction, t-A4
-X-						
Xylenes (o-, m-, & p-Isomers)	1,2-Dimethyl-Benzene; 1,3-Dimethyl-Benzene; 1,4-Dimethyl-Benzene	OV	7100 8100	100 ppm (o)(t); 150 ppm (s)-(t)	900 ppm	Substance for which an ACGIH BEI exists, t-A4
m-Xylene a,a-Diamine 1477-55-0	MXDA	OV/N	7100+8910 8100+8910	0.1 mg/m ³ (c)(t); -skin-		
Xylydine (Mixed Isomers) 1300-73-8	Aminiodimethyl Benzene; Dimethylaniline; 2,4 Dimethylaniline; Dimethylaminobenzene	OV	7100 8100	5 ppm (o); 0.5 ppm (t); -skin-	50 ppm	Substance for which ACGIH BEI (Methemoglobin inducer) exists, t-A3; ACGIH NIC to inhalable vapor & aerosol

Chemical – CAS#	Synonyms	Filter Type	Moldex Suggested	TLV(t) PEL(o)	IDLH	Comments
-Y-						
Yttrium*, Metal & cpds; Dusts & Metals (as Y) *7440-65-5	Specific Compounds	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t) 2 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	500 mg/m ³	
-Z-						
Zinc Chloride, Fume 7646-85-7		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	1 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 2 mg/m ³ (s)-(t)	50 mg/m ³	
Zinc Chromate as cr	Basic Zinc Chromate, Zinc Yellow	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	0.01 mg/m ³ 0.1 mg/m ³ (c)-(t) as CrO ₃		t-A1
Zinc Oxide, Dust 1314-13-2	Calamine; Chinese White; Zinc White	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total particulates 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o) 10 mg/m ³ (s)-(t) 2 mg/m ³ (t)	500 mg/m ³	
Zinc oxide, fume 1314-13-2		N	2310/2315N99 2400/2800N95	5 mg/m ³ (o)	500 mg/m ³	
Zinc stearate 557-05-1	Synpro stearate; Zinc distearate; Dermatone	N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	Total dust 10 mg/m ³ (t), 15 mg/m ³ (o); Respirable fraction 5 mg/m ³ (o)		
Zirconium* compounds dusts and mists (as Zr) *7440-67-7		N	EZ22/EZ23N95 2200/2300N95 2600/2700N95	5 mg/m ³ (o)(t); 10 mg/m ³ (s)-(t) {water based mists}	50 mg/m ³	t-A4

CHANGEOUT SCHEDULES

OSHA 1910.134(d) requires that the employer implement a change schedule for cartridges based on objective information or data that will ensure cartridges are changed before the end of their service life (see OSHA1910.134 for complete text). A cartridge's useful service life is how long it provides adequate protection from harmful chemicals in the air. The service life of a cartridge depends on many factors, including environmental conditions, breathing rate, cartridge filtering capacity and the amount of contaminants in the air.

If you know what the chemical is and how much of it you are exposed to, then you are ready to estimate how long your respirator cartridges will work and apply the safety factor.

You must use some type of objective data to develop a changeout schedule. Options for determining a cartridge's service life include:

1. Conducting experimental tests.
2. Using a mathematical model like the "Advisor Genius" or "Breakthrough Software."

OSHA has on its website other means of calculating breakthrough times for various chemicals. You may also wish to consider use of this website in developing your changeout schedules. Be advised that actual service life can vary considerably from those calculated using these models. These models only provide rough estimates. Some of the data you will need specific to the Moldex cartridges in order to use the models on the OSHA website are:

- 8100 has an average of 36.7 grams Organic Vapor Carbon, its height is 2.13 cm, inside diameter is 7.85 cm.
- 8600 has an adsorbing equivalent of 28 grams Organic Vapor Carbon
- Its height is 2.34 cm, inside diameter is 7.85 cm.
- A change out schedule worksheet is provided.
- 7100 has an average of 42.5 grams Organic Vapor Carbon, its height is 2.06 cm, inside diameter is 7.81 cm.
- 7600 has an absorbing equivalent of 36.0 grams Organic Vapor Carbon, its height is 2.06 cm, inside diameter is 7.81 cm.

CARTRIDGE DETAILS

READ THIS WARNING

These weights were estimated by Miller-Nelson using methods based on their tests. It is suggested that you use default values provided by OSHA for the other cartridge specific parameters. Lastly, in order for the OSHA models to be used you may have to provide other pertinent data on the challenge agent which may be found on the MSDS or from the chemical manufacturer. These models can be found at http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/respiratory/change_schedule.html. They are called "Respirator Change Schedules."

Moldex suggests that you use the OSHA models, or other means provided by OSHA. Moldex always recommends that you utilize the most conservative (shortest) breakthrough times. Moldex recommends that you use any of the methods only for the contaminants contained in this guide.

For more detailed information on these methods, refer to OSHA's website at:

http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/respiratory/mathmodel_advisorgenius.html

http://www.osha.gov/SLTC/etools/respiratory/change_schedule_mathmodel.html

If you have any questions please feel free to call Moldex Technical Services at +1 (800) 421-0668 and +1 (310) 837-6500, ext. 512/550.



8000 CARTRIDGE CHANGE SCHEDULE WORKSHEET

Duties / Job Classification: _____

Location: _____

Chemical Information (from MSDS or Manufacturer)

Chemical: _____

Exposure Limit: _____

Maximum Concentration: _____

Boiling Point: _____

Molecular Weight: _____

Liquid Density: _____

Vapor Pressure: _____

Molecular Polarization: _____

Refractive Index: _____

Worksite Conditions

Maximum Expected Temperature (°C): _____

Maximum Expected Relative Humidity (%): _____

Work Rate: _____ Light Moderate Heavy

Number of Shifts/Week: _____

Hours Cartridge Used/Shift: _____

8000 Cartridge Data

of Cartridges: _____ 2

8100 Absorbing Equivalent (grams): _____ 36.7

8100 Cartridge Bed Height (cm): _____ 2.13

8600 Absorbing Equivalent (grams): _____ 28.0

8600 Cartridge Bed Height (cm): _____ 2.34

8100 & 8600 Bed Diameter (cm): _____ 7.85

Service Life Estimate: _____

Basis Used: _____

Cartridge Change Schedule Every _____ Hours

After Each Shift: _____

Other: _____

This form may be used to assist you in developing a changeout schedule when using 8100 or 8600 cartridges for protection against organic vapors.

Be advised, this is simply a tool to help you collect some of the pertinent data in developing a changeout schedule. It is your responsibility to ensure the accuracy of the schedules that you develop for each operation and work site.



7000 CARTRIDGE CHANGE SCHEDULE WORKSHEET

(For use with 7000 or 9000 Series Respirators)

Duties / Job Classification: _____

Location: _____

Chemical Information (from MSDS or Manufacturer)

Chemical: _____

Exposure Limit: _____

Maximum Concentration: _____

Boiling Point: _____

Molecular Weight: _____

Liquid Density: _____

Vapor Pressure: _____

Molecular Polarization: _____

Refractive Index: _____

Worksite Conditions

Maximum Expected Temperature (°C): _____

Maximum Expected Relative Humidity (%): _____

Work Rate: _____ Light Moderate Heavy

Number of Shifts/Week: _____

Hours Cartridge Used/Shift: _____

7000 Cartridge Data

of Cartridges: _____ 2

7100 Absorbing Equivalent (grams): _____ 42.5

7100 Cartridge Bed Height (cm): _____ 2.06

7600 Absorbing Equivalent (grams): _____ 36.0

7600 Cartridge Bed Height (cm): _____ 2.06

7100 & 7600 Bed Diameter (cm): _____ 7.81

Service Life Estimate: _____

Basis Used: _____

Cartridge Change Schedule Every _____ Hours

After Each Shift: _____

Other: _____

This form may be used to assist you in developing a changeout schedule when using 8100 or 8600 cartridges for protection against organic vapors.

Be advised, this is simply a tool to help you collect some of the pertinent data in developing a changeout schedule. It is your responsibility to ensure the accuracy of the schedules that you develop for each operation and work site.

DO NOT USE AGAINST

Moldex respirators may not be used to protect against the following list of chemicals *when concentrations are at or above the OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL)*. In the event that a PEL is exceeded, we suggest that you consult an Industrial Hygienist or other health and safety professional to determine the appropriate form of protection against any of these chemicals. This list is not all inclusive.

	CAS #S	CAS #S
-A-		
ACETONE CYANOHYDRIN	75-86-5	108-60-1
ACETONITRILE	75-05-8	542-88-1
2-ACETYLAMINOFLUORENE	53-96-3	107-30-2
ACROLEIN	107-02-8	100-00-5
ACRYLIC ACID, HYDROXYPROPYL ESTER	25584-83-2	600-25-9
ACRYLIC ACID, 2-ETHYLHEXYL ESTER	103-11-7	76-15-3
ADIPONITRILE	111-69-3	126-99-8
ALDRIN	309-00-2	598-78-7
ALLYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	106-92-3	2039-87-4
ALLYL PROPYL DISULFIDE	2179-59-1	2387-89-0
4-AMINODIPHENYL	92-67-1	14977-61-8
2-AMINOPYRIDINE	504-29-0	10210-68-1
3-AMINO-1,2,4-TRIAZOLE	61-82-5	16842-03-8
AMITROLE	61-82-5	420-04-2
ANTIMONYHYDRIDE	7803-52-3	460-19-5
ARSINE	7784-42-1	506-77-4
		1569-69-3
		287-92-3
-B-		
BENZIDINE	92-87-5	
BENZOTRICHLORIDE	98-07-7	
BENZOYLCHLORIDE	98-88-4	
BORON TRIBROMIDE	10294-33-4	
BORON TRIFLUORIDE	7637-07-2	
BROMINE PENTAFLUORIDE	7789-30-2	
BROMOCHLOROMETHANE	74-97-5	
BROMOETHANE	74-96-4	
BROMOTRIFLUOROMETHANE	75-63-8	
BUTANE	106-97-8	
p-tert-BUTYLtolUENE	98-51-1	
n-BUTYL GLYCIDYL ETHER (BGE)	2426-08-6	
-C-		
CALCIUM CYANIDE	592-01-8	
CAPTAFOL	2425-06-1	
CARBARYL	63-25-2	
CARBOFURAN	1563-66-2	
CARBON DIOXIDE	124-38-9	
CARBON MONOXIDE	630-08-0	
CARBON TETRABROMIDE	558-13-4	
CARBON TETRAChLORIDE	56-23-5	
CARBONYL CHLORIDE	75-44-5	
CARBONYL FLUORIDE*	353-50-4	
CHLORDANE	57-74-9	
CHLORDECONE	143-50-0	
CHLORINATED CAMPHENE	8001-35-2	
CHLORINATED DIPHENYL OXIDE	55720-99-5	
CHLORINE TRIFLUORIDE	7790-91-2	
CHLOROACETALDEHYDE	107-20-0	
CHLOROACETONE	78-95-5	
CHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE	79-04-9	
CHLOROBROMOMETHANE	74-97-5	
2-CHLORO-1,3-BUTADIENE	126-99-8	
1-CHLORO-1,1-DIFLUORETHANE	75-68-3	
1-CHLORO,2,3-EPOXY-PROPANE	106-89-8	
CHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE	75-45-6	
1-CHLORO,2,3-EPOXY-PROPANE	106-89-8	
CHLOROETHANE	75-00-3	
CHLOROETHYLENE	75-01-4	
CHLOROFUOROMETHANE (FC-31)	593-70-4	
CHLOROFORM	67-66-3	
-D-		
DDT (DICHLORODIPHENYL-TRICHLOROETHANE)		50-29-3
DECABORANE		17702-41-9
DEH26		112-57-2
DEMETON		8065-48-3
2,4 DIAMINOANISOLE AND SALTS		615-05-4
2,4- DIAMINOTOLUENE		95-80-7
o-DIANSIDINE (3,3'-DIMETHOXYBENZIDENE) & DYES METABOLIZED TO THIS COMPOUND		19-90-4
DIAZOMETHANE		34-88-3
DIBORANE		19287-45-7
1,2-DIBROMO-3-CHLOROPROPANE (DBCP)		96-12-8
2-N-DIBUTYLAMINOETHANOL		102-81-8
DICHLOROACETYLENE		7572-29-4
3,3-DICHLOROBENZIDENE (AND ITS SALTS)		91-94-1
1,4-DICHLORO-2-BUTENE		764-41-0
DICHLORODIFLUOROMETHANE (FC-12)		75-43-4
DICHLORODIPHENYL-TRICHLOROETHANE		50-29-3
1,1-DICHLOROETHANE		75-35-4
1,2-DICHLOROETHANE		107-06-2
DICHLOROETHYNE		7572-29-4
1,1-DICHLOROETHYLENE		75-35-4
DICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE (FC-21)		75-43-4
1,1-DICHLORO-FLUOROETHANE		
DICHLOROMETHANE		75-09-2
1,1-DICHLORO-1-NITROETHANE		594-72-9
1,3-DICHLOROPROPENE		542-75-6
2,2-DICHLOROPROPIONIC ACID		75-99-0
2,2-DICHLOROPROPIONIC ACID SODIUM SALT		127-20-8
DICHLOROTETRAFLUOROETHANE		
(1,2-DICHLORO-1,1,2,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE)		76-14-2
DICHLORVOS (DDVP)		62-73-7
DIELDRIN		60-57-1
DIESEL EXHAUST		N/A
DIETHYLENE OXIDE		754-12-1
DIETHYLENE TRIAMINE		111-40-0
DIFLUORODIBROMOMETHANE		75-61-6
1,1-DIFLUOROETHANE		75-37-6
1,1-DIFLUOROETHYLENE		75-38-7
DIFLUOROMETHANE		75-10-5
DIGLYCIDYL ETHER (DGE)		2238-07-5

DO NOT USE AGAINST (Continued)

CAS #S	CAS #S
3-3'-DIMETHYLBENZIDENE 3-3'-DIMETHOXYBENZIDENE DIMETHOXYMETHANE DIMETHYLACETAMIDE N,N-DIMETHYLACETAMIDE 4-DIMETHYLAMINOAZOBENZENE bis-(2-DIMETHYLAMINOETHYL) ETHER DIMETHYLAMINOPROPIONITRILE DIMETHYL CARBAMOYL CHLORIDE DIMETHYL ETHER DIMETHYLETHOXYSILANE DIMETHYL FORMAMIDE 1,1-DIMETHYLHYDRAZINE N,N DIMETHYLNITROSOAMINE DIMETHYL SULFATE 4,4-DIPHENYLMETHANE DIISOCYANATE DIPROPYLENE GLYCOL METHYL ETHER DIPROPYL KETONE DIVINYL BENZENE	119-93-7 119-90-4 109-87-5 127-19-5 127-19-5 60-11-7 3033-62-3 1738-25-6 79-44-7 115-10-6 14857-34-2 68-12-2 57-14-7 62-75-9 77-78-1 101-68-8 34590-94-8 123-19-3 1321-74-0
-I- HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE	25584-83-2
IODINE IODIDES IDOFORM IRON PENTACARBONYL ISOBUTANE ISOCTYL ALCOHOL ISOCYANATES ISOPHORONE DIISOCYANATE n-ISOPROPYLANILINE ISOPROPYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	553-56-2 75-47-8 13463-40-6 75-28-5 26952-21-6 71000-82-3 4098-71-9 768-52-5 4016-14-2
-K- KEPONE KETENE	143-50-0 463-51-4
-L- L.P.G. (LIQUIFIED PETROLEUM GAS)	68476-85-7
-E- ENFLURANE ENZYMES, PROTEOLYTIC EPICHLOROHYDRIN EPN 1,2-EPOXYPROPANE 2,3-EPOXY-1-PROPANOL ETHANE ETHANOL ETHYL ALCOHOL ETHYLAMINE ETHYL BROMIDE ETHYL CHLORIDE ETHYL CYANOACRYLATE ETHYLENE ETHYLENE DICHLORIDE ETHYLENE GLYCOL DINITRATE ETHYLENEIMINE ETHYLENE OXIDE ETHYLENE THIOUREA ETHYL FORMATE 2-ETHYLHEXYL ACRYLATE ETHYLIDENE CHLORIDE	13838-16-9 1395-21-7 106-89-8 2104-64-5 75-56-9 556-52-5 74-84-0 64-17-5 64-17-5 75-04-7 74-96-4 75-00-3 7085-85-0 74-85-1 107-06-2 628-96-6 151-56-4 75-21-8 96-45-7 109-94-4 103-11-7 75-34-3
-M- MALEIC ANHYDRIDE MALONALDEHYDE MALONONITRILE MANGANESE CYCLOPENTADIENYL TRICARBONYL MERCURY VAPOR MERCURY COMPOUNDS (EXCEPT ARYL COMPOUNDS AND INORGANIC DUSTS) METHACRYLIC ACID METHANE METHANOL METHOXYACETIC ACID METHOXYCHLOR 1 METHOXYPROPYL-2-ACETATE 2-(METHOXYMETHYL ETHOXY)-PROPANOL METHYL ACETYLENE METHYL ACETYLENE PROPADIENE MIXTURE (MAPP) METHACRYLONITRILE METHYLAL METHYLACETALDEHYDE METHYL ALCOHOL n-METHYL ANILINE 2-METHYLAZIRIDINE METHYL BROMIDE METHYL CHLORIDE METHYL-2-CYANOACRYLATE METHYLCYCLOHEXANE METHYLCYCLOHEXANOL METHYLENE BISPHENYL ISOCYANATE METHYLENE CHLORIDE 4,4-METHYLENE bis (2-CHLOROANILINE) METHYLENE bis (4-CYCLOHEXYLISOCYANATE) METHYL ETHYL KETONE PEROXIDE METHYL ETHYL KETOXIME METHYL FORMATE METHYL HYDRAZINE METHYL IODIDE METHYL ISOCYANATE METHYL PROPANE 2-METHYL PROPANE N METHYL-2-PYROLIDINE METHYL SILICATE MEVINPHOS MONOCHLOROACETYL CHLORIDE METHYLCHLORO METHYL ETHER MONOFLUOROETHYLENE MONOMETHYL ANILINE N METHYLANILINE MONOMETHYL HYDRAZINE	108-31-6 542-78-9 109-77-3 12079-65-1 7439-97-6 79-41-4 74-82-8 67-56-1 625-45-6 72-43-5 108-65-6 34590-94-8 74-99-7 59355-75-8 126-98-7 109-87-5 123-38-6 67-56-1 100-61-8 75-55-8 74-83-9 74-87-3 137-05-3 108-87-2 25639-42-3 101-68-8 75-09-2 101-14-4 5124-30-1 1338-23-4 96-29-7 107-31-3 60-34-4 74-88-4 624-83-9 75-28-5 75-28-5 872-50-4 681-84-5 7786-34-7 79-04-9 107-30-2 75-02-5 100-61-8 100-61-8 60-34-4
-G- GERMANIUM TETRAHYDRIDE GLYCIDOL GLYCOLONITRILE GLYOXOL	7782-65-2 556-52-5 107-16-4 107-22-2
-H- HEPTACHLOR HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE HEXAFLUOROACETONE HEXAFLUOROPROPYLENE HEXAMETHYLENE DIISOCYANATE HEXAMETHYL PHOSPHORAMIDE 1,1,1,3,3,3-HEXAFLUOROPROPANE HFE-7100 HYDRAZINE HYDROGEN CYANIDE HYDROGEN PEROXIDE HYDROGEN SELENIDE 2-HYDROXYPROPYL ACRYLATE	76-44-8 87-68-3 77-47-4 684-16-2 116-15-4 822-06-0 680-31-9 684-16-2 302-01-2 74-90-8 7722-84-1 7783-07-5 999-61-1
-N- NAPHTHALENE DIISOCYANATE (NDI) 1,5-NAPHTHALENE DIISOCYANATE NIAX CATALYST ESN	3173-72-6 3173-72-6 62765-93-9

DO NOT USE AGAINST (Continued)

	CAS #S	CAS #S
NICKEL CARBONYL	13463-39-3	
NITRIC ACID	7697-37-2	
NITRIC OXIDE	10102-43-9	
4-NITROBIPHENYL (4-NITRODIPHENYL)	92-93-3	
p-NITROCHLOROBENZENE	100-00-5	
4-(2-NITROBUTYL) MORPHOLINE (70% [2224-44-1] AND 4,4'-(2 ETHYL-2-NITRO-1,3-PROPANEDIYL) BISMORPHOLINE (20% MIXTURE)	1854-23-5	
NITROGEN DIOXIDE	10102-44-0	
NITROGEN TRIFLUORIDE	7783-54-2	
NITROGLYCERIN	55-63-0	
2-NITRONAPHTHALENE	581-89-5	
n-NITROSODIMETHYLAMINE	62-75-9	
NITROTRICHLOROMETHANE	76-06-2	
NITROUS OXIDE	10024-97-2	
-O-		
OSMIUM TETROXIDE	20816-12-0	
OXYGEN DIFLUORIDE	7783-41-7	
OZONE	10028-15-6	
-P-		
PENTABORANE	19624-22-7	
1,1,1,2,2-PENTAFLUOROETHANE	354-33-6	
1,1,1,3,3-PENTAFLUOROPROPANE	460-73-1	
PERCHLORYL FLUORIDE	7616-94-6	
PERFLUOROISOBUTYLENE	382-21-8	
PETROLEUM GAS	68476-85-7	
PHENYL GLYCIDYL ETHER	122-60-1	
PHENYLHYDRAZINE	100-63-0	
N-PHENYL-B-NAPHTHYLAMINE	135-88-6	
PHENYLPHOSPHINE	638-21-1	
PHOSDRIN	7786-34-7	
PHOSGENE	75-44-5	
PHOSPHINE	7803-51-2	
PHOSPHOROUS (YELLOW)	7723-14-0	
PHOSPHOROUS OXYCHLORIDE	10025-87-3	
PHOSPHOROUS PENTACHLORIDE	10026-13-8	
PHOSPHOROUS TRICHLORIDE	7719-12-2	
3-PICOLINE	108-99-6	
4-PICOLINE	108-89-4	
POTASSIUM CYANIDE	151-50-8	
PROPANE	74-98-6	
PROPANE SULTONE	1120-71-4	
b-PROPIOLACTONE	57-57-8	
PROPIONALDEHYDE	123-38-6	
PROPYLLALDEHYDE	123-38-6	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL DINITRATE	6423-43-4	
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOMETHYL ETHER ACETATE	70657-70-4	
PROPYLENE IMINE	75-55-8	
PROPYLENE OXIDE	75-56-9	
PROPYLENE	115-07-1	
n-PROPYL NITRATE	627-13-4	
PROPYNE	74-99-7	
-S-		
SELENIUM HEXAFLUORIDE	7783-79-1	
SILANE	7803-62-5	
SEVIN	63-25-2	
SILICON TETRAHYDRIDE	7803-62-5	
SODIUM AZIDE	26628-22-8	
SODIUM CYANIDE	143-33-9	
STIBINE	7803-52-3	
SUBTILISINS	1395-21-7	
SUCCINONITRILE	110-61-2	
SULFOTEP	3689-24-5	
SULFUR HEXAFLUORIDE	2551-62-4	
SULFUR PENTAFLUORIDE	5714-22-7	
SULFUR TETRAFLUORIDE	7783-60-0	
SULFURYL FLUORIDE	2699-79-8	
SYSTOX	8065-48-3	
-T-		
TEDP		3689-24-5
TELLURIUM HEXAFLUORIDE		7783-80-4
TEPP		107-49-3
2,3,7,8-TETRACHLORODIBENZO-p-DIOXIN (TCDD)		1746-01-6
1,1,1,2-TETRACHLORO-2,2-DIFLUOROETHANE		76-11-9
1,1,2,2-TETRACHLORO-1,2-DIFLUOROETHANE		76-12-0
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE		79-00-5
TETRACHLOROMETHANE		56-23-5
TETRACHLOROSILANE		10026-04-7
TETRAETHYL LEAD		78-00-2
TETRAETHYL PYROPHOSPHATE (TEPP)		107-49-3
1,1,1,2-TETRAFLUOROETHANE		811-97-2
2,3,3,3-TETRAFLUOROPROPENE		754-12-1
TETRAFLUOROETHYLENE		116-14-3
TETRAMETHYLENE		754-12-1
TETRAMETHYL LEAD		75-74-1
TETRAMETHYLSUCCINONITRILE		3333-52-6
TETRANITROMETHANE		509-14-8
THIOGLYCOLIC ACID		68-11-1
THIONYL CHLORIDE		7719-09-7
o-TOLIDINE		119-93-7
o-TOLIDINE-BASED DYES		
o-TOLUIDINE		95-53-4
m-TOLUIDINE		108-44-1
p-TOLUIDINE		106-49-0
TOLUENE 2,4-DIAMINE		95-80-7
TOLUENE 2,4-DIISOCYANATE (TDI)		26471-62-5
TOLUENE 2,6-DIISOCYANATE		91-08-7
TOXAPHENE		8001-35-2
1,1,2-TRICHLOROETHANE		79-00-5
TRICHLOROMETHANE		67-66-3
1,1,2-TRICHLORO-1,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANE		76-13-1
TRICHLOROFLUOROMETHANE		75-69-4
1,2,3-TRICHLOROPROPANE		96-18-4
TRICHLOROSILANE		10025-78-2
TRIETHOXYSILANE		998-30-1
1,1,1-TRIFLUORO-2,2-DICHLOROETHANE		306-83-2
TRIETHANOLAMINE		102-71-6
TRIFLUOROBROMOMETHANE		75-63-8
1,1,1-TRIFLUOROETHANE		420-46-2
2,2,2-TRIFLUOROETHANOL		75-89-8
TRIMETHOXYSILANE		2487-90-3
-V-		
VINYL BROMIDE		593-60-2
VINYL CHLORIDE		75-01-4
4-VINYL CYCLOHEXENE		100-40-3
VINYLCYCLOHEXENE DIOXIDE		106-87-6
VINYLFLUORIDE		75-02-5
VINYLDENE CHLORIDE		75-35-4
VINYLDENE FLUORIDE		75-38-7

NOTES

TECHNICAL HELP LINE

For information, technical assistance, and training materials call +1 (800) 421-0668 or +1 (310) 837-6500, ext. 512/550.

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